H. B. Stewart, Jr. Expedition Diary New York Harbor Circulatory Survey February 1958 AND Winyah Bay Current Survey March 1958





US Department of Commerce

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New York Harbor Circulatory Survey
February 1958
AND
Winyah Bay Current Survey
March 1958

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H. B. Stewart, Jr. Expedition Diary New York Harbor Circulatory Survey February 1958 AND Winyah Bay Current Survey March 1958

Maria Bello & Ashley Jefferson (Editors)

ABSTRACT

Harris B. Stewart, who eventually became the first director of the NOAA Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratory in Miami, FL, joined the February 1958 New York Harbor Circulatory Survey and the March 1958 Winyah Bay Current Survey in South Carolina. At this time Dr. Stewart was the Chief Hydrographer for the U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey in Washington, D.C. The main goal of both expeditions was to monitor water currents. Dr. Stewart's papers were donated to NOAA by his family upon his passing in 2000. This is an example of one of his field diaries. The field diary written for New York Harbor and Winyah Bay contains descriptions of the day-to-day ship activities.

INTRODUCTION

Dr. Harris B. Stewart, first director of the NOAA Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratory in Miami, FL, joined the Coast and Geodetic Survey in 1957 as their Chief Hydrographer. In 1958, Dr. Stewart after conducting surveys in the New York Harbor accompanied other scientists to install a platform on which to mount the prototype Roberts Radio-current meter and observe its operation at Winyah Bay in South Carolina.

DIARY AND TRANSCRIPTION

The Stewart family donated the papers of Dr. Stewart to NOAA's Atlantic Oceanographic and Meteorological Laboratory upon his passing on April 25, 2000. Among the Stewart material were 13 field diaries written over several decades, most during the time of great ocean exploration. The diaries will be transcribed and published as a series.

The New York Harbor and Winyah Bay field diary is a bound notebook with a green cover, and measures 5 by 8 inches. Entries were made in ink and pencil, and include sketches of equipment and maps. Loose material, including newspaper clippings, notes, and letters were found inside the diary. The diary was transcribed by hand. The diary and ancillary material were scanned and the graphics filed, in JPG format.

REFERENCES

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. "Topside - Volume 2, Number 10, Page 2." http://www.ndc.noaa.gov/newsltr/2-10-pg2.htm.

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New York Harbor Circulatory Survey - February 1958 Winyah Bay Current Survey - March 1958

10 February, 1958

Mark Goodheart and I left my apartment for the <u>Marmer</u> at the Staten Island Quarantine Station. Biltmore – Freeway - Tunnel; RT 40 (not I where they split just North of Tunnel) through Wilmington over bridge to the NJ Turnpike. Leave it at exit 11. At exit, take Route 9 - left limb of the V at exit gate. Then take 2nd right-sign labeled outerbridge crossing. Follow signs to and across bridge (over Arthur Kill) onto Staten Island. Turn right just past toll gate onto Paige Street (Ave.? Blvd.?) and follow 2nd to the stop light (Hylan Blvd). Turn left and follow it all around the island-ins and outs, but still Hylan. One block before it dead ends in the Narrows, turn right (at light) onto Bay Street. Approx. two blocks & Quarantine Sta. is on left behind big fence.

Checked ICTI for numbers and found none. We have Temp. Unit #2, Conductivity Unit #2, a freq. meter, ca. 200 ft. of cable, and 1 sensor head. Called Imbrie at Columbia whom I had asked last eve. to check the ice under G. W. Bridge for ice flows. He said there was some but not much. Called Bear N. Y. Park Police and they said there was lots and some was moving. Coast Guard says Albany is 100% frozen, Turkey Neck 95%, Poughkeepsie 90%. A slight thaw or a freshet would really fix it for us. Hale in the Photogrametry Div. of C & GS in Washington is due here when we get in tomorrow from ICTI run. I hope to set up a ciné Kodak movie camera when we have a good view of the river ice. By taking a single frame every 8-10 secs and then projecting them at 24 frames/sec should give a good picture of the overall current pattern & changes in it with time – IF - the ice is good. It's pretty cold here on the ship. 17° today and due to get to 10° tonight. Photo in tonight's paper showed a fishing boat really covered with ice and showed the throughway bridge really jammed with ice. Cmdr. Weber says that last week in the Lower Bay they had 27 knot winds & that water coming over the bow froze on everything - it was pretty miserable operating.

Nomograph that I had asked CBI for was here, so I took a look to see what sort of limits we might expect. At constant salinity, the conductivity increases 4 units (4 milimohs/cm) per 5 °C temp. At constant temp., conductivity increases 3 units per 4% salinity (2% Cl). So, actually, conductivity reads almost salinity \pm 5%.

Mark worked with Thompson on the lights.

Called Butch and will call him Wednesday morning if we are out photographing somewhere.

Called Capt. Crosby. Passed on ICTI listings for Palanchor, gave Hale the word to come on up and we will just hope the ice movement is sufficient.

Tuesday, 11 Feb' 58

Underway from Quarantine Sta. 0755. ICTI has been or is warming up since 0700. They say voltage jumps from 118-122.

DLP Must ICTI be calibrated before each lowering? Why not each day? Values the same. Got station 14 first - then 15. Had to do a good deal of maneuvering to avoid shipping. Station # 16 at mouth of Kill Van Kull was a real stinker - only 40 feet but we had to lay to and wait, then move while eight ships went by our station. Finally, snuck in took, it, and snuck out again. A buoy in here will have a pretty short life expectancy.

0945 of for Sta. # 17.

 $\frac{\text{DLP}}{\text{DLP}}$ When ICTI head is out of the water it does not record air temp. but stays at 46.855 - comes back to trot each time. Voltage and cycles OK. Air below zero (0 °C)! Salinity and temperature from a ship as big as the Marmer are pretty difficult. The possibility should be investigated of using a smaller - Coast Guard? - boat.

On the ICTI – Temp. when in air goes to zero and then past it to 96.85° when it stops, it doesn't appear to reach equilibrium, but stops quite suddenly. On second thought, it is, in fact, recording the outside Temp. Dials go to zero then below it and jam at 96.85° -, it won't go any lower than – 3.15 °C, so it really is ok after all. Does having it against the lower peg (i.e. 3.15 °C) do any harm?

Add 1 external conductivity calibration box to the list of CBI gear.

In A.M., did Sta # 14 and 15 in Narrows; #16 in Arthur Kill; 17, 18, and 19 across and south of Gov. Island; 20, 21, 22 across Governor's Island; # 23 off tip of Manhattan; and 26 and 27 off Pier 64. Twelve station. We left Sta.# 26 at 1345, went up to look over Pier 80 where we may berth tomorrow night.

12, Feb

1128 + 1 h 45 m = 1213 slack pre flood

1348 + 1 h 45 m = 1533 max flood

0845 – ice took 26 secs to pass measured span

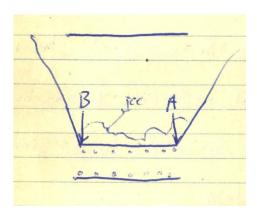
Left the Marmer at 0620 after breakfast, drove Bay St. \rightarrow Forest Avenue \rightarrow to Bayonne Bri. to exit 13 of the N J Turnpike at G. W. Bridge, we checked with the Port Authority Police. I had called a Mr. Tate of Port Authority who had arranged things. Police – esp. Lt. Frend - were most cooperative. They drove out with us while we unloaded gear and Lt. Frend took our car back. We were set up by 0830 - we being Byron Hale – C & GS photog and me and took the first frame at 0834. He had rigged up a solonoid operating on 4 volts from a 12-volt battery hooked up with a rubber band return to the single frame tripper of a ciné Kodak special through a chronometer that clicks every 10 seconds. Clock was set up on a tripod and

is on bottom of each frame. There is lots of good ice on the river & it is moving right along. Somewhat cloudy – broken - with occasional sun coming through. We are set up under the tower, north side, New York end. It is pretty cold, but with long johns, Hussie boots, and hooded coat, it is bearable. The elevator is at this level and the cops sent some men out to melt the ice that had frozen the door shut. I'm now inside and though really cold, I am out of the wind - Byron Hale brought some rum, so that helps.

Started exposure at frame 5.6.

At 0930, changed to ^f 6.3 as light gets strong. Clouds now less broken and haze seems to have increased and overall light intensity is greater down stream.

0930 – Ice speed 48 seconds downstream. This is measured by timing ice as lined up between two bridge abatements.



4600 frames @ 6 frames/nuts = 666 minutes 666 minutes = 11.1 hours or more than we need.

Lt. Frend & Officer Novas

Add Sgt. Bellman (letter written 24 February) to the list.

1125 – Ice by at 54 downstream – God, its cold!

1200 – Officer - took me to a delicatessen for sandwiches & coffee.

1335 – Tide has changed & cables are moving up river. The solonoid has frozen & we are tripping it by hand every 10 seconds – it is damn cold!!!!!. Byron is as cold as I am – no heat. I can hardly hold the pen, but I think we are getting good results.

1355 – Changed speed to f 7.7, still working by hand at about 10 min. shifts. Overcast and snowing but not too hard – still pretty cold!! I am absolutely frozen stiff. Lunch, one of the Port Authority police took me to a delicatessen, cost \$3.00 for sandwiches & coffee. The solonoid still frozen, couldn't reach Butch

- 1415 Ice moving <u>upstream</u> 2 mts 05 seconds to pass the range even colder! We are both pretty uncomfortable moderate snow, 100% overcast.
- 1500 Ice going upstream, past range @ 1 m 27 secs. Snowing, still tripping by hand still damn cold rum (sob) gone!
 - 1515 Ice still moving up still cold!
- 1525 Ice by 1 minute 12 secs. Openings changed to 6.3 at ??? hrs. 4.4 @ 1620, and 2.5 @ 1630. That is as wide open as she will go. Snow has stopped and wind has died down. It is still cold but bearable.

Add Officer Raposki to the list. He took me to lunch – so to speak.

1636 – Knocked it off – too dark 33 ft. left – 67 ft. taken new, 3 nts at 24 ft./sec. – Officer Touhey

Executive Director - P. A

Austin J. Tobin

Got back to the Marmer at Pier 26 to find that Thompson – radioman – had been taken off with a heart attack.

Thurs, 13th

Cmd Store off to see Harbor Master about conditions on East River. Them we had to way for a try to come move the RR barge that was wedged across. The slip now – jammed with ice. Once out, we went up river to apt. about ½ mile below G. W. Bridge. We were breaking ice the last ½ mile and lowered the ICTI through a hole chopped in the ice. Capt. Weber called it off for the day and the Ship stopped briefly at Pier 26 for me to hop off and collect. the car. I got back to the Marmer at Quarantine about 1500 – blowing hard and cold, ca. 14°!. In A.M. I helped mark a bit below with the meters –putting on a short connector between vel. and dir. posts so that they would use the same line, and other would act as a ground.

1600 – Set up ICTI with Survey for the 24-hr run. It is rigged off the stern. I plan surface obs. every $\frac{1}{4}$ hour – with bottom obs. every $\frac{1}{2}$ hour from now till tomorrow eve. Warm-up motors now turned on.

1700 – started 24-hr operation. The Narrows @ Ft. Wadsworth on Sandy Hook.

$$HW$$
 LW H_gT $+0^h02^m$ $+0^h12^m$ -0.3 hw 0.0 lw

Corrected tides at Fort Wadsworth.

13 th	1555	3.3 Hw
	2223	-0.1 Lw
14 th	0429	4.2 Hw
	1103	-0.2 Lw
	1659	3.4 Hw
	2318	-0.2 Lw

Corrected currents - The Narrows - Midstream.

13th 1514 fld. 1742 Slh 2103 zb 14th 0036 slh 0344 fld 0630 Slh 1618 sfl 0944 zb 1841 Slh 1325 Slh

Calibrated ICTI.

Time	Surface	Bottom + 1	Temperature
1705	20.32		0.76
1708		20.96	0.79
1715	20.44		0.76
1730	20.46		0.74
1732		20.99	0.77
1745	20.42		0.68
1800	20.40		0.62
1802		21.25	0.83
1815	20.39		0.60
1830	20.45		0.59
1832		21.60	0.86
1845	20.48		0.60
1900	20.51		0.59
1902		20.52	0.59
1915	20.31		0.53
1930	20.54		0.57
1932		20.95	0.71
1945	20.48		0.57
2000	20.29		0.51
2002		20.40	0.57
2015	20.38		0.54
2030	20.41		0.54
2032		20.53 (?able)	0.59
2045	20.40		0.51
2100	20.48		0.56

Time	Surface	Bottom + 1	Temperature
2103		20.70	0.63
2115	20.51		0.55
2130	19.95		0.44
2132		20.05	0.47
2145	19.84		0.42
2202	19.79		0.40
2200		19.96	0.45
2215	19.65		0.35
2230	18.86		0.24
2232		18.91	0.26
2245	18.77		0.21
2300	18.88		0.25
2302		19.03	0.27
2315	18.25		0.26
2330	17.81		0.25
2332		18.05	0.26
2345	17.36		0.17
2400	17.55		0.21
0002		17.64	0.24
0015	17.22		0.14
0030	17.18		0.13
0032		17.24	0.14
0045	16.67		0.01
0100	16.28		-0.06
0102		17.02	0.08

Calibrations

			Calibratio	ns		
		Condu	uctivity		Tempe	rature
Time	High	Low	High-Low	Zero	Position 1	Position 2
			February :	13		
1700	50.83	25.15	16.86	00.12	10.96	22.41
2245	50.74	25.10	16.79	00.00	10.97	22.42
			February :	14		
0310	50.78	25.11	16.80	00.00	10.97	22.42
0810	50.77	25.12	16.81	00.00	10.96	22.42
2110	50.76	25.12	16.80	00.00	10.96	22.42
Tin	ne	Surface	Botto	m + 1	Temperature	
010	05	16.20			-0.07	
013	10	16.19			-0.08	
013	15	16.35			-0.07	
012	20	16.35			-0.04	
012	25	16.40			-0.03	

19.12

-0.05

0.52

-0.08

0130

0132

0135

16.38

----16.32

			_
Time	Surface	Bottom + 1	Temperature
0140	17.27		+0.09
0145	16.36		-0.06
0150	16.55		-0.05
0155	16.68		-0.04
0200	16.78		-0.03
0202		19.24	0.52
0205	16.36		-0.05
0210	16.65		-0.07
0212	16.05 to 17.10		-0.07 to 0.02
0215	16.82		-0.03
0220	17.44		+0.06
0225	17.42		+0.04
0230	17.22		0.00
0232		19.92	0.49
0245		20.08	0.51
0248	17.30		.00
0300	17.49		0.04
0302		19.92	0.43
0315	17.76		0.02
0330	18.44		0.15
0334		19.66	0.37
0345	18.55		0.10
0400	19.00		0.18
0402		19.84	0.36
0415	19.42		0.26
0430	19.38		0.25
0432		19.62	0.31
0445	19.38		0.22
0500	19.31		0.20
0502		20.08	0.41
0502	19.10		0.07
0530	19.46		0.18
0530		20.60	0.38
0532	19.26	20.00	0.03
0600	19.40		0.18
0602		19.44	0.32
0605	19.76	13.44	0.23
0610	19.55		0.23
0615	19.76		0.19
0630	19.66	24.74	0.15
0632		21.74	0.62
0640	20.46	21.79	0.62
0645	20.16		0.31
0650	20.18		0.31
0700	20.00		0.22
0702	20.42	22.28	0.75
0715	20.12		0.23
0730	20.42		0.30
		12	

Time	Surface	Bottom + 1	Temperature
0732		21.81	0.56
0740	20.22		0.18
0745	20.12		0.14
0750	20.38		0.30
0755	20.46		0.20
0800	20.34		0.20
0802		20.82	0.43
0815	20.46		0.38
0820	20.32		0.38
0825	20.15		0.36
0830	20.02		0.37
0832		20.76	0.45
0837		20.59	0.44
0840		20.36	0.41
0844		20.45	0.43
0846	20.06		0.32
0850	20.09		0.35
0855	20.14		0.34
0900	20.15		0.33
0902		20.47	0.42
0905		21.31	0.42
0911		20.96	0.57
0914		20.88	.52
0916	20.32		0.38
0922	20.28		0.38
0925	20.32		0.38
0930	20.36		0.39
0932		20.56	0.45
0935		20.60	0.47
0940		20.45	0.43
0946	20.36		0.45
0950	20.36		0.45
0955	20.36		0.45
1000	20.36		0.48
1002		20.51	0.45
1005		20.45	0.49
1010		20.44	0.45
1014		20.48	0.49
1016	20.40		0.51
1020	20.40		0.51
1025	20.45		0.52
1030	20.44		0.51
1032		20.43	0.48
1040		20.45	0.54
1044		20.00	0.42
1046	19.88		0.40
1050	20.22		0.49
1100	19.60		0.30
		1/1	

Time	Surface	Bottom + 1	Temperature
1102		19.65	0.30
1105		20.07	0.47
1110		19.65	0.32
1114		19.92	0.14
1116	19.14		0.24
1120	18.88		0.20
1125	18.83		0.18
1130	18.50		0.10
1132		18.54	0.10
1135		18.56	0.12
1140		18.78	0.17
1144		18.78	0.17
1146	18.69		0.16
1150	18.63		0.15
1155	18.62		0.16
1200	18.12		0.18
1202		18.69	0.18
1207		17.55	0.12
1210		17.42	0.11
1214		17.30	0.13
1216	17.18		0.14
1220	17.18		0.14
1225	17.08		0.15
1230	17.22		0.15
1232		17.18	0.16
1235		17.07	0.16
1240		17.06	0.17
1244		17.07	0.17
1253	16.85		0.17
1255	16.85		0.17
1259	16.86		0.18
1301		17.08	0.17
1305		17.08	0.17
1310		17.06	0.17
1315		17.10	0.17
1316	16.95		0.23
1320	16.92		0.19
1325	16.91		0.21
1330	16.92		0.23
1332		16.99	0.18
1335		17.00	0.18
1340		17.07	0.19
1344		17.04	0.20
1346	16.97		0.24
1350	16.95		0.24
1355	16.92		0.23
1400	16.96		0.20
1402		17.05	0.23
		15	

Time	Surface	Bottom + 1	Temperature
1405		17.06	0.22
1410		17.03	0.24
1415		17.34	0.23
1417	16.91		0.30
1420	16.95		0.30
1428	16.92		0.33
1430	16.93		0.33
1432		18.90	0.40
1435		18.85	0.40
1440		19.06	0.43
1444		19.72	0.54
1446	16.88		0.32
1450	16.86		0.33
1455	17.35		0.32
1500	17.08		0.34
1502		20.08	0.63
1505		20.32	0.66
1510		19.84	0.60
1514		19.70	0.61
1516	17.40		0.39
1520	17.25		0.39
1525	17.36		0.41
1530	17.25		0.41
1532		19.94	0.62
1538		19.82	0.61
1540		19.99	0.64
1544		19.79	0.61
1546	17.49		0.42
1550	17.82		0.42
1555	18.02		0.44
1600	17.90		0.43
1602		19.53	0.56
1605		19.29	0.54
1610		19.22	0.51
1615		19.35	0.52
1617	18.27		0.46
1620	18.32		0.46
1625	18.15		0.45
1630	18.26		0.44 1/2
1632		19.24	0.50
1635		19.29	0.52 1/2
1640		19.26	0.52
1644		19.30	0.53
1646	18.66		0.47
1650	18.55		0.46
1655	18.57		0.45
1700	18.70		0.50
			250 obs'

Time	Surface	Bottom + 1	Temperature
1702		19.25	0.51
1705		19.21	0.51
1710		19.28	0.52
1714		19.31	0.52
1716	18.55		0.49
1720	18.54		0.46
1725	18.87		0.49
1730	18.75		0.48
1732		19.20	0.48
1735		19.26	0.46 ½
1740		19.25	0.48
1744		19.25	0.47
1746	18.86		0.47 ½
1750	18.88		0.47
1755	18.72		0.37
1756	18.90		0.46
1800	18.99		0.43
1802		19.84	0.58
1805		20.72	0.77
1810		21.22	0.77
1815		21.46	0.82
1817	19.13	21.40	0.49
1820	19.13		0.49
1825	19.11		0.47
1830	19.04	24.65	0.45
1832		21.65	0.92
1835		21.94	0.99
1840		22.5	01.01
1844		21.48	0.85
1849	40.46	21.16	0.80
1850	19.16		0.45
1855	19.26		0.42
1900	19.21		0.40 ½
1902		20.53	0.69
1905		20.72	0.73
1910		20.48	0.67
1914		20.49	0.68
1916	19.23		0.38
1920	19.42		0.42
1925	19.26		0.36
1930	19.29		0.36
1932		21.38	0.80
1935		21.32	0.88
1940		21.39	0.89
1944		21.08	0.81
1946	19.52		0.45
1950	19.38		0.41
1955	19.60		0.47
		17	

Time	Surface	Bottom + 1	Temperature
2000	19.72		0.50
2002		20.73	0.71
2005		20.22	0.61
2010		20.70	0.69
2014		20.85	0.75
2016	19.24		0.39
2020	19.30		0.41
2025	19.39		0.42
2030	19.37		0.44
2032		20.90	0.74
2035		20.79	0.75
2040		20.84	0.78 ½
2044		21.18	0.86
2047		20.69	0.74
2049		20.99	0.83
2051		20.59	0.71
2055		20.73	0.76
2100		20.12	0.62
2113		19.66	0.50
2118	19.57		0.18
2119	19.30		0.30
2121	19.61		0.49
2126	19.50		00.40

Notes on the 28-hour Series:

Surface meter rigged so that top of cage was 4 - 6" below the surface. Line fired with a loop so it could be hooked over a pad-eye each time it was brought back up to the surface.

Bottom meter position at 1 foot above the bottom was determined every second lowering to compensate for the tide.

Over the 28 hours, 321 observations were made – an average of 11½ obs. per hour or one every 6 minutes or so.

Mark- Circuit Diagram for recorder?

I went back and forth between the lab topside, down the ladder & out the fantail to raise or lower the sensing head 260 times, – no wonder I feel lame as well as tired.

On the ICTI forms were entered the readings every 15 minutes. In this book are recorded in addition the numerous in-between – every five minutes over much of the series.

Calibrations of the equipment were run at 1700 and 2245 on the 13th and at 0310, 0510, and 2110 on the 14th. Enough diff. to justify calibration before each one.

A running plot was maintained throughout the series – I was a busy little tyke – and some interesting features were revealed. An ebbing tide, the water is packy well mixed This plot is of surface and bottom water temperature only – as no nomograph for converting conductivity to salinity was available. This must be done later and should be even more revealing.

Note from the temperature plot that the water column on an ebbing current is pretty well mixed, i.e. nearly isothermal with depth, whereas on a flooding tide the bottom water is considerably warmer. I believe this reflects the up-harbor movement of seawater along the bottom on the flood. River water (surface) is damm cold – ice cubes in it – and is colder than the underliving mixed bottom water ocean water brought in along the bottom.

The pattern on both floods during the cycle was really quite similar. Salinity values during this cycle should be interesting - possibly T-S diagrams can be made for the mixed and the unmixed waters. During the day Mark Goodheart worked on getting the buoys ready with Boats (Bob Savage) and some of the men – he really worked hard too & left at 1600 to go see Capt. Finnegan. Byron Hale took ice pictures yesterday while we were in the thick of it & took shots today around the ship leaving about 1300 to go back to Washington.

Saturday

I slept through breakfast – up by 0800 and back at it. We delayed shoving off until 0900, so we would get in to the East River just <u>after</u> ebb strength. 0955 we made station # 24 just south of the Brooklyn Bridge. There is a good deal of ice in the river – chunks up to table size in large clumps.

1030. Made station # 25. Started just under the Williamsburg and drifted ca. 100 yards south during the 3 minutes the lowering took. Passed up the west side of Blackwells Island and into Hell Gate moving slowly west of Miy Rock, making station #32 just west of the southern tip of Wards Island. By lowering the antennas, we were able to go beneath Triborough Bridge between Manhattan and Randalls I. On slowly, blowing for the Willis Ave. Survey Bridge. Under that and tied up between it and the too low Harlem Bridge right near where Sta# 35 will be.

Currents all through this area are pretty tricky. Down along Blackwells Island and the lower East River these big railroad barges go through with the tide and they really travel, with the tugs trying to guide them, but they must make 8-12 knots through there. I don't think buoy longevity will be much in there. We might put out a dummy buoy with no instruments in it or meters for a week before we expect to occupy the station. This would give them time to get used to missing it and we could see how it survives. This, I think, is a good idea, but Weber is pretty pessimistic about the whole East River Area – a bit too so I think.

1240 Tied up at City Balk head at the foot of Lincoln Ave. in the lower Harlem River. Snow predicted for tonight.

1310 Underway - Made Sta# 35 in Harlem River. Made Sta. #30 and 31 in Hell Gate – off Gracie Mansion and on up East River. Sta. #34 moved east, as it was right in front of the warm water and discharge from a Big Power Plant on L.I. Temps wre over 1^o above normal. ot #33 as plotted.

Got #37 between Brothers Island and #36 on N side of E River. Another power plant here, and srf. temp were 0.18 as -0.10 elsewhere. This should be moved too.

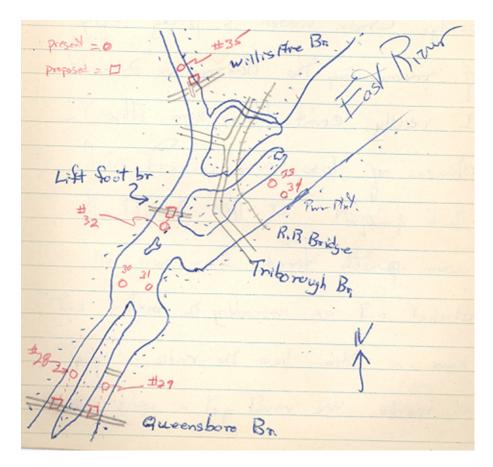
On to #39 @ 1508. This is the easternmost station of the survey. Heading back we were going to get the 2 stations on either side of Blackwells Island, but it was snowing and hard visibility was pretty poor. On the way back I worked up in the forward locker with Mark on the meters. Have been putting a jumper between the vel & dir contacts & grounding the other lead. Meter #88 is pretty rough – we worked on it but it is still rough. One of the magnets is shorter than the others, and makes the rotation uneven. That one will go back to D.C. with Mark.

To NYC that evening & met Butch at Liuchow's for dinner. Ran into Torny Woodruff & Scotty McCube. I dropped Butch at Grand Central & then at Eddie Condon's in a real blizzard. Met Jane McAuliff at the Hill & we went to Hibernians Annual Ball. Back here – still blizzing – at 0300.

Sunday 16 Feb. –

Tied up at Quarantine Station all day. It is still snowing & blowing hard from the north. The doors freeze shut, all the windows in the lab have a thick coating of frost. There is a gunwhole – high drift at the peak of the bow, and the starboard passage is up to the door frames in snow. It was a rough night last night. The mooring was really bucking in high wind & waves. Boats was out on and off putting chafing gear – Things were rolling in the galley and no one got much sleep. The lines are all covered with ice and Mark & I spent the day down in the "instrument lab" – The 6'x 5' foot hole forward of the sleeping hold – getting meters ready for use. Meter put in nice, after section and bellows removed, additional enamel wire (scraped at contact) added to longer lead, innards unpacked, mounting screws removed and slipped into the innards, and innards put in case - release after magnet holder and tighten it down, release forward one - after insertion - and tighten. Short length of covered wire out to fit between vel and dir. contacts, tinned and attached, short lead attached with it. Extra length on longer lead fixed to from screw. Each step checked on ohmmeter to be sure contacts are well made. Plug removed from meter, attached to 2 conductor cable cut yesterday. Bellows put on -hand tight - the drain plug tightened, the filler plug is removed and unit filled with oil - a Esso ariation instrument oil Plug put back, meter taken out and tarred each way to collect bubbles at top. Put back in vice and oil added to top. Bellows pulled out a bit, extra oil added, and filler plug is replaced, bellows released, so oil is actually under a bit of pressure. Rest of meter added, cables put on, and meter returned to box. I took about 2 hrs per meter. We now have 7 done and I now know how to do the rest, and will get them in the next couple of days.

We must check the feasibility of making some of the East River stations from the bridges, lowering the meter for each obs., rather than trying to keep a bouy in those busy lanes.



Stations 28 & 29 would be moved south to the Queensboro Bridge, #32 north to the Wards Island footbridge and #35 south to the Willis Ave swing bridge. Cmdr. Weber is pretty leery of manuvering The Marmer in there & I really can't blame him. Also the chances of loss are almost nul. Mark & I quit at 1100 tonight. He was pretty tired. I am now all checked out on assembling the meters, but have no idea how the radio end of it all works. We must get a radio man – a good radio man – but soon, or all will grind to a halt. Highways are all either closed tight or barely open. Baltimore has 19 inches of snow.

Monday 17 Feb. '58

Cloudy & cold 10-15° Mar temp predicted 6° temp at 0730. It is bitterly cold with wind at 26 mph out of the west. We are some what protected from the full wind here, but snow is drifted high aboard.

Capt. Weber called the ship @ 0800. He heard a radio report that Wash. D.C. has 13 inches & federal workers have the day off. Our truck was to have loaded for Charleston today, but probably won't now. Mark is still aboard – just plain snowed in. Capt. Weber couldn't get his car out to come down. Cap. Crosby called about noon – wondering where Mark was. We worked on the meters in the AM – he left about noon & I went back to it until 5 or so. I did 2 meters complete with cable and plugs and cut 2 25 – foot lengths, and put plugs on both ends. Cmdr. Stone got the radio shack in shape. We hope to put a meter over in a day or so.

Meter # 88 went back to D.C. with Mark – as did 2 leaking expansion chambers.

Dinner with Mary Lee Shrady-Morris & Dave – 8 W 16° - 22D – a nice evening.

Spent nearly an hour digging out the car & the truck. Washington has had 13 inches – Baltimore 19 – a real storm and more is predicted.

Tuesday Feb 18

Woke up to 4° F temp. This AM. Clear, cold and – for the first time in several days – sunny.

Cmdr. Stone kept at it up in the radio shack & I disappeared in to the "instrument shop". Yesterday afternoon I rigged meters 102 and 98. This A.M. I did #94 & 98 and put in the two cables I did yesterday. In the PM I finished up #93 and 74. It took about 2 hours per meter to do it right – & do it right I did. I worked along slowly and as thoroughly as possible. We now have 11 all set with the cables attached, two all set except for the cables which will be out when we know the station they will be used at, and two for which Mark took parts back to D.C. to be fixed: #88 and #95. One meter box had no screws in it; the ones that attach the innards to the case – forward end. I pirated these from #95, but we will need them when the other pars come up. Combed the ship but found non the right size.

Web. 19 Feb.

Cutter Keys for buoys yokes? For meter hangers? Screws for innards to case?

Trying to get a meter rigged from the pier to test all the gear. I ran ohmmeter tests on the meters below & #? Gave a bum pattern. It is all though one of the velocity contacts was not hitting. I have tagged it & will drain it and check the mechanism if there is time. Tagged meters #93 and #74 saying they were already to go except for cables. Tagged #95 saying Mark and I should add the ground and jumper before it is filled – then expansion chamber is in D.C.

Put yoke on #100 (a 75-footer) – no cable pins, so I safely wired it. Boat has the cable rigged for it & the 30 lb weight ready.

MG//

Need coax cable to run from xmetter to buoy deck plate for antenna

Fixed jumpers for #95 & #88 and attached them to tags attached to the housings.

Attached ground to meter #95 case & noted it on tag.

Capt. Weber called D.C.& switched to 703 when he was through talking with Bupers. Mark was out but I left a message with Mrs. Payne that,

1) meters filled with oil,

- 2) No cotter pins for buoy hangers: we can get them here or he can send some up.
- 3) Need spare screws that hold innards to the case.
- 4) Need coax cable for running from x metter to plug plate on buoy.

Bupers says they have a radio man (also named Thompson) who will be checked out down there & sent along.

MG

If pen arm on recorder – i.e. the arm hooked to the chronograph – were $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{4}$ inch longer Ww could get tracers both at the center of the tape



Second pips too long , but that probably is in the chronometer at contact and will be checked.

We rigged meter #100 over the side of the pier, but currents inside the pier were too slow to record. Buffers on the outside of the pier fouled it up.

We added a section of 808 cable from a booring strut in the buoy to the water as a ground connected antenna leads to the xmitter, but lead to the xmitter and metter cable — by passing sequence switch, as the connecter from the sequence Sw [switc] to xmitter was to short to reach on the new board setup.

Checked the crystal in the xmitter, put in the proper band box, put new batts in the recorder and she works. Had meter outside for a while, but wind too irregular and I was leery of the wind anyway, so we have it inside, & she works pretty well.

Thurs. Feb. 20th

Set up meter #100 again in the lab. Since there are few blades to the impeller, and it rotates 5 times per revolution of the big gear, then there are 20 blades going

Send up special paper for making running plot of currents

Get ICTI monograph for our set

by turn of big gear i.e. every complete contact series. Thus velocity pips should come through at 0, 5, and 10 blades with the direction pip in there somewhere. Since each "blade" equals 18°, the direction can be established.

Test runs:

Meter Pointed	Pips at (in blades)	Dir	Current
E(M)	0, 5, 10, 12	215°	125°+
Steeple (007°M)	0, 5, 10, 11	198°	121°+
City (036°M)	0, 5, 10	180° (audible)	144°+
Bow(340°M)	0, 5, 6, 10	108°	128°+
(10	on this once came in or	nly about half the tin	ne)!
West (M)	0, 3, 5, 10	054°	144°+
			5/662 [mean 132°]

Brought up Ensign Benning's hand compass, to check the radio shack in hopes the monsterous error was really in the shack and not in the meter. The place is just loaded with magnetic fields, so I feel OK about the meter, but am a hair worried about that missing 3rd velocity signal. It seems to happen only when pointed towards the bow.

*Stations

#2 is in middle of cable area. Suggestion is to eliminate #2 and move #1 over to the 28 ft. mark on elbow

#6 at junction of 2 cable areas & shool water. Want it moved to junction of Terminal and Raritan Bay Reach.

#16 is highly questionable – its chances of survival are very slim. It could be moved out to Rolling Reef area near 20B chart 285 – or at Boyorre Br. but that is no high!

#22 E.of Gor. I. Heavy traffic in there – would survive better nearer bell buoy (chart 745.

#24 and 25 have poor chances

#28 & 29 don't have a chance – Queensboro Br. Has 133 ft clearance – possible.

#32 (55 ft to br.) - as before. #35 (25 ft. to br.) too

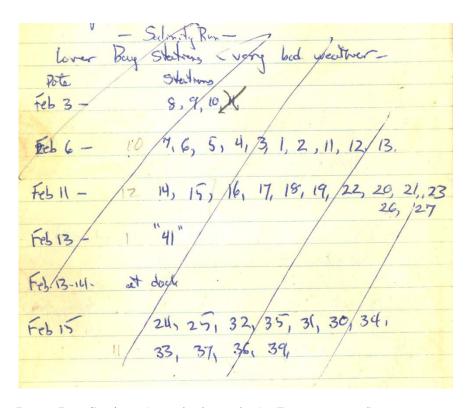
#34 - (& 33 in tow) should be moved to avoid warm water outflow.

#37 is in main channel again! By moving it east a bit – it is a hair wider and could be missed.

#42 Spuyter Dyvil – too narrow to get Marmer in Dock man said no go. There is not enough space. This can be put outside in the river, or can be assigned to the RR bridge.

Possibly pree meters from the bridges –

Salinity is due again in two weeks and not yet finished



Lover Bay Stations (very bad weather). (Reconstructed)

Feb 3 - 8,9,10,11

Feb 6 - 7,6,5,4,3,1,2,11,12,13

Feb11 - 14,15,16,17,18,19,22,20,21,23,26,27

Feb13 - "41"

Feb13-14 - At dock

Feb15 - 24,25,32,35,31,30,34,33,37,36,39

Feb 3rd was bad weather, winds to 30 knots with ice over everything. Had to anchor to take the stations and winch kept icing over (only 4 stations).

6th was OK but cold & windy. I arrived the 10^{th} & the 11^{th} was a good day (12 sta.) even so we left the working area what +

Thought was a bit early – The 12th was on the bridge (Geo. Wash.) all day taking pictures – Weber said the lower bay was pretty well fogged in. They did get to pier 26, though, where Tompson was taken off.

The 13th the ice was bad & we took on station through the ice. The 14th the boys had a day off & I ran the 28th station. The 15th we got in 11 stations, but again had to leave early, as it was snowing pretty hard.

The 16^{th} was Sunday – the 17^{th} – 20^{th} we have been tied up as we can't get the up-river stations because of ice and can't plant buoys w/ no radio man. Have put the time to good use in getting the meters and buoys ready to go – big job too.

John P. Coates wants insulation board $\frac{1}{2}$ - 1" thick – 6" x 12-18" bakelite or some such.

Winyah Bay Survey

Talk with E.A. Shultz in C of E office, Charleston telephone permish from CG for recorder on light #22 (sic.)

Last dredged ca '56 at turn. In Sampit Rvv. dredging finished in April 57.

Bottom mtl. has shoaled from mtl probably pretty fluffy. Called to Miami Coast Guard and checked the 22 and 25 light OK. 5 piling creosute. Told them meter recorder 20 to 25 lbs. (?). Said we might put 1x6" a cross between pilings, Advise C.G. at Georgetown when it is installed and Lt. Cdr. De Bergh in Charleston and that permission has been granted by the Miami office

Cmdr. Burk in Miami has given permish for installation on light #25 and that we are to advise people in Georgetown who service it.

Met Mr. J.W. Blair, Asst. Chief Engneer. Advised Charleston C.G. (Lt. Cmdr. De Bergh) of all of this by telephone. Described installation.

8 lb pb w/6" shoe penetrated only 1 ft.

Sand Wave lower bay C13 – C14 area 60-75' at base. 4-6' high 5/400ft.

Have Gilbert take run over them start at can buoy 13 to buoy 15. In this area note on fathogram reads "Bottom firm all the way" all the way out from opp. front range at far – end eastern channel. Depth Now dihing discharge and spilling, so fluff not getting.

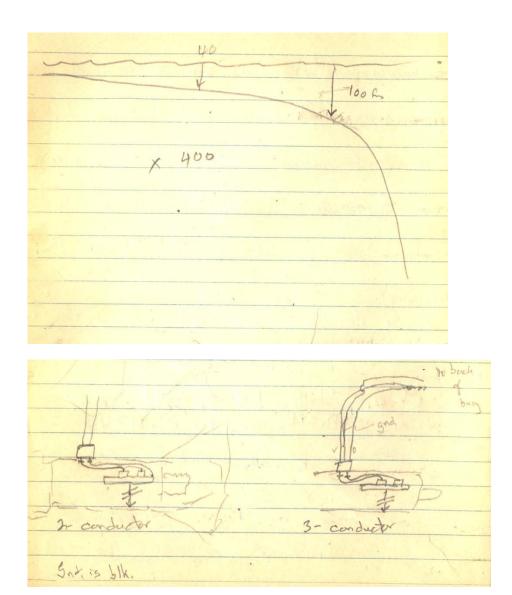
April '57 notation on fathogram at buoy 25 is "firm", depth 21 ft.

Some deep draft ships have to come through partly loaded or at high tide so meters had best be at edge. C of E people will put out one & anchor near our station for locations & my will move between 2 sta. taking velocities at each : on hr. and $\frac{1}{2}$ hr. Taking 6 measurements vertically (price) and \$ samples. (srf. 00m/w, $\frac{1}{4}$ & $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{2}$ hr. and last one 1-2 ft. above ftm.

\$ sample to Marietta C of E lab. Samples over a 14 hr. cycle.

Drop Shultz a line (call) as to schedule (did it) for next week, so he can meet the ship. Shultz RA-3-5341 – ext.19

Home is 17A Pleasnt TU-4-4344



Friday 14 Mar. 1958

Tired, tired! Just back at the hotel from the USC & GSS Gilbert at 2305 after getting there at 0730 this AM almost 16 hrs. worked today. Wednesday I talked to Shultz at the C of E office in Charleston. Then bused up to Georgetown, getting here about 7 PM. Found the ship and got caught up. Buoys just not working.

Thurs the 13th rigged 3 meters and put them in, but meters 2 and 3 shorted out. On deck they were OK, but not in water, steady beep meant short. Off to warehouse, where Mark, I, J.D. Lewis, John Hernandes (radio) & Slim, worked form 4 hrs. on recableing and rewiring all 5 buoys. Back at the ship it still happened. Finally decided it was because the rigging made a loose ground on the deck, but once in the water with all shackles and hangers tight, it was a good ground. They turned some plug in the buoy, got good signals from each. In water (sta. #3) no short, but totally unintelligible signals. Seq. switched OK, but signals unreadable. John figuard grounds were wrong, & that we were receiving from all three at once. It was 1800 by then.

Friday AM – off in the skiff (Mark & John) to correct this at Sta. #1 & Ssta. #3 while I stayed aboard to run the rigging of 3 meters for station #2. We planted that where the Sampret [Sampit] River joins Winyah Bay, & all these were keying by 1300. Have been making readings on 9 meters every ½ hrs. since. It has been a dammed busy day. Mark went to Lions Club at 1930, back about 2245. We stayed at it all the time. All is going OK now, but it is a lot of work. There are only 5-8 minutes per hr. when chronograph isn't going. Tapes come faster than we can scale them. Have had 6 people on it all PM. Tentative schedule is to work all hands over the weekend. Then to knock off Wed – Sat and Sunday to plant #4, 5, & 6 and my bottom meter. Mark called Capt. C., & New York is having lots of trouble – broke 8 meters. There was some breakage before I came – the plastic – but only 1 today when Ens. Garnett let one fall over. They have to be lowered in on a line, or they will break. Will be a long grind, but I think we will make out OK. Water is cold (42°) & very muddy – but will try to get the bottom mount on when I can. In the meantime, there is more than enough to do.

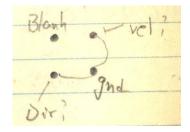
Saturday 15 March

At shop 0730. Worked a way on tapes & chronograph. To town to check out of the hotel & called Ed Shultz. Unrated and setup bottom mount. Shop did not drill out center post, so I will have to rig up some sort of coil arrangement – perhaps using telephone company wire-coiler – so meter can turn.

Mark - cable for mark?

Mark and I went over the recorder. Batteries are marked + & - and leads are marked. Connect Butts. Line meter plug up. 1st connect line to meter and watch to see plugs & lines

are OK. Direction & vel. Come up separate lines make velocity the inner mark on the tape. Would be best if we could also set up xmtr with antenna, so we could monitor the thing from the ship. Wind check, set time witch at 15 mts., int – cont switch to continuos to give steady V, D, & 10 sec



time all the time and expanded scale for 1 minute every 15 minutes. Batteries to be put in box transmitter too. Cover whole with a tarp. Should – wth full roll – go at least four days.

Mark left ca. 1800 to head back to D.C. I was up until ca. 2300 trying to get the running plots started. Did Sta #3 and started Sta #1 meter #1.

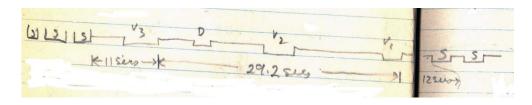
Sunday 16 March

In AM finished all running plots to date. Sta. 2 has lots of gaps of unread tapes, so I started on them. <u>Times</u> must be gotten when ships tie up & leave The Int. Paper Co. dock, as then must deflect currents into station #1. (Got them)

Tapes at station 2 meter #1 are real stinkers, as the V_2 and contact doesn't always hit. This is meter 193-17 and I will try to fix it – i.e. adjust the contacts – when we pull it next.

At 1055 during the 1100 obs, 16 March, on Station 2, meter 1. It hit and did not hit on the same tape, so this particular trouble shows up nicely. Actually either V_3 or D also misses occasionally

Lowest velocity available to date is 0.1 knots. This I got on 2330 obs 14 March Sta. #2 meter #1.

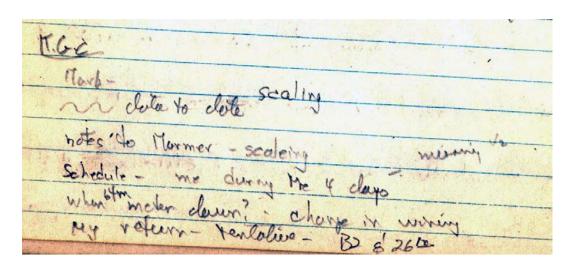


No full internal, had to multiply V1 - V3 by 2 to get full contact interval.

Necessity for pole obs.?

A Mr. Mitchum in Georgetown asked to be remembered to Hanson, C and GS D.C.

K.G.C



Ship times in & out of Dock

Monday 17th March 58

Wrote long letter to Capt. Cosby in AM detailing the operations since Mark Insert figure in here left on Saturday to town with Ens. Mills for film & socks. Worked on Sta #2 tapes that are still unread. Talked long on the "why" of all this to the men running tapes. Ran some of those Bernarr from Charleston paper aboard and talked long with him & Capt. Schoene. Brought all running plots up to the 1830 obs. got a good tape this evening and ran off a duplicate to send to 2 etther. It had V_2 missing on alternate sets, and V_3 out on the others – gave a weird pattern indeed.

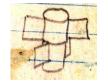
Looks now as though the buoys will come aboard Tuesday afternoon or Wednesday. Although March (Ens. W.M. Lee) says the Capt. said something about planting set #2 on Wednesday, shutting off the xmitters and just leaving them on station until Monday. I'm not a bit enthusiastic about this, even though it would mean I could set up and test the bottom mount here on the duck Thurs., Fri., Sat., and Sun. while all the others were off. I'll wait and see what happens. Charlie Kears (sp?) came aboard today (radio) but Mac (Yueman) left on emergency leave, so net gain is zero.

Tuesday

Tape scaling again then EA Shults & EE LaRoche of C and E Charleston came aboard. I went over all the plots with them & we talked through lunch and till about 1400. Went with them to the C and E boat. Winyah. She is using a price meter with obs at srt., MLW, ½ MLW, 2/3 mlw & 1ft above bottom for 14 hrs.at each station. They are also taking suspended sediment smpls with a milk bottle device w/a line to pull plug at depth.

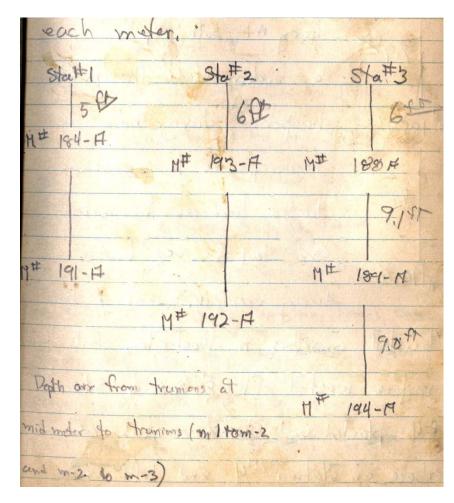
Their price meter has a slotted rod gadget that fits over the wire.





Wing. slots on the top are separated & used to join successive rods together to indicate – roughly – the direction. Eve. Finished all of station 2, brought all

plots up to date & barely started checking. It will be a long job. Engnrs [Engineers] blinked to us about 1930 that they were through, but we ran on until 2030, to give 104 - 1061/2 hrs. on each meter.



Depth are form truniens at mid meter to trunions (m1 tom-2 and m-2 to m-3

To date: 5 broken fins & five broken impellors to date. On recovery of buoy #1, both impellors had a broken blade. This probably happened during the actual recovery. As the anchor cable trailed back in to the meters. One tail fin was broken during recovery. Sent off tow busted impellors to Washington. All meters washed off & boxed. Sta. #4 planted with three meters as above on station #4 and left with [73] the sequence switch on A-3 so I can run off an hour or so sometime during the next four days!

Thursday 20 March, '58

Worked in A.M. with Charlie Kearse in rigging up the bottom mount. We assembled it on the after deck, rigged the 250 ft. with the necessary plugs, hooked her to the recorder,& after some fussing, she worked. Fleming of the Georgetown Times came aboard about noon for photos of us in diving gear with the bottom mount. I went into the water to test weight belt, water temperature and visibility. They were too heavy, awful cold, and nil respectively.

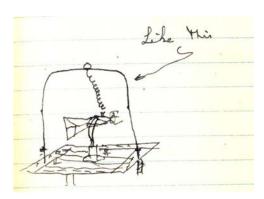
Into Georgetown in the afternoon trying – in rain – to locate a wire holder–coiler such as used on telephones, but more available. Got Ford to cut & thread some ½" pipe for holding cable on the bottom mount. Kearse rewired chronograph so we can run her slower. To warehouse for meter for bottom mount.

From 1645 to 2245 ran meter #3 on station #2 to see how she varied by checking 2 minutes every 15. Curves very nice- as is a plot at contact interval vs. times. Station becomes too bad for buoy reception at 2250, so we knocked it off. Have been living like matadors – steaks, french fries, milk, salad and peas for dinner tonight. Must write Capt. Crosby in the A.M. If tomorrow is like today, will check Kearse out on the aqua lung. He is eager &d I will be glad to have another man along on Tuesday.

Friday, 21 March, 1958

Wrote a 2-page letter to Capt. Crosby &d went in to town to collect mail and to get the pipe that Ford was cutting & threading for the bottom mount. Saw Fleming at the paper & he had a good shot of us & the bottom mount. Tried to get the truck washed off. Caustic soda (?) from the pulp mill will ruin the finish, but the automatic washer at the mill is out, & it would take too long in town.

Kearse had finished box for the recorder, and I fussed trying to get a rig for that blasted bottom mount, so the cable won't get wound up and stop the swiveling action of the meter. The ideal way would be to hare bale up & suspend the cable from that, but it would be 5 ft. high, and wouldn't have a chance of survival in a 25 foot channel.



Kearse left about noon to get the gear & look for a recoiler in Charleston. I started at 1353 taking one-minute observations of meter #3 on station #4. There was to much static for the chronograph, so I used the stepwatch, taking the secs. (to the nearest 0.2) from V1 to V1 for the number of revolutions taking between 25 and 45 seconds – more at lower speeds. There were very few missed droning the 7 hours and 7 minutes of obs. Missed only 12 out of 427 and they were all at slack water where it was all pretty confusing. I found that when it gets too confusing, you don't really have to sort out the V1, V2, V3, & D prps. Just write down the seconds when they come (0(V1), 9(D), 16(V2), 33(V3), 67(V1) etc) and figure it out later. Knocked off the series at 2100 and took on tape to verify my final reading. Static was so bad, I marked with a check those pips that were meter – caused, & the rest are static. Worked away here checking my math & converting the C. I's to velocity & finally knocked off about midnight.

Saturday, 22 March, 1958

Worked the whole blasted day on the data from that 7-hr. every-minute series. Plotted the data first the way it would look had we done it during a regular series – i.e. one reading every ½ hour. Then did it @ one every 12 minutes, and then on every 6 minutes. These showed that our observation do give a valid curve. Then plotted all 430 or so vs. times. Variations up to 0.3 knots in a period of three to four minutes are common but deviations from a mean are about 1-2 tenth of a knot. A 0.6 tick is seen at 1532, some 25 meters after I noted a big freighter left the I.P. Co. dock for the sea. It would take just about that time for her to get to station #4.

I next plotted contact intervals vs. times for the whole 7 hours. This was done since the velocity is rounded off to the nearest tenth of a knot,& minor variations – less than 0.1 knots - would show up in variations in the C. I when they would not in the velocity. Since I had no log paper, I had to change scale three times (1.5 knots corers 0.32 seconds range in C.I's whereas 0.5 knots covers 2.9 seconds). Even so, I discovered that the irregularities noted in the velocity plot are not meter errors, step watch errors, or my errors, but are real. The currents do not increase or decrease at a constant rate. They do not even stay constant (only 7 times during the whole 7 hours was the same contact interval recorded on tow consecutive minutes). What's more the current appears to move in surges with a regular periodicity of about 10 to 12 minutes with a "wave height" of about 0.25 knots. To smooth out the ups and downs, I have started to compute three - minutes running means for every minute. This is a somewhat tedious job for 430 or so observations but by 1230 am – allowing time for a movie this evening - I am up to 1615, some 140 computations. Couldn't stand it and have plotted these up. Peaks occur at 13, 11, 9, 16, 12, 8, 9, 17, 13, 10, 7, and 9 minutes from 1357 to 1615 from a mean period of 11 minutes. Went to see Witness for the Prosecution in Georgetown. It's Great!

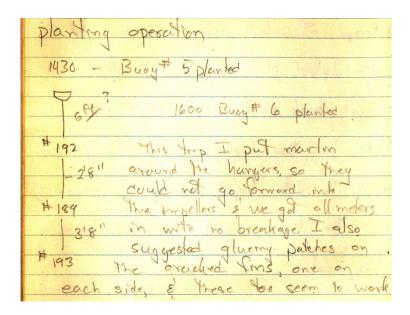
Sunday, 23 March –

I got breakfast for Dick & Madge et moi and we three went off to church in Georgetown and lunch at the Prince George Hotel. Back here I wrote Maggie, K, M & D, Sis, Butch and B.D. Zetler. Then back to the running means again & the plotting. Finally finished these about 2330. The average of about every 11 minutes still holds. Talked it over with Capt. Shoene when he got back about 1030. He thinks it might be the buoy swinging, but I doubt it. If I get the same thing form the bottom mount, then we'll know it is real.

Monday, 24 March, '58

Kearse got some telephone cord re-coiler in Charleston &d I put it on the meter – end of the 3-conductor cable. Drilled holes in recorder box for the meter & transmitter leads to get in to the recorder. Planned the planting operation

1430 – Buoy #5 planted



1600 – Buoy #6 planted This trip I put marlin around the hangers so they could not go forward in to the impellors & we get all meters in with no breakage. I also suggested gluing patches on the cracked fins, one on each side, and these too seem to work.

It was raining like mad and a high wind was blowing, so we did not attempt to putdown the bottom mount. Still have to put new batteries in to & fix sequence switch on #4 before we start to record. The 100 hours will start in the mornings. Thus the 100 hrs. will be through Saturday noon, and I will hope to head home that evening.

Is Esmestan still with C and GS? If so let E.E. LaRoche know.

LaRoche &d Hogan came aboard about 9 PM and we talked much longer tan I really wanted to.

Tables

Frasier Pt. Slk. Wt. +1.25 on Charleston.

Slk. at Charleston 11:14 +1.25 1239

Plots

Slk Friday 21 Mar from plot = 1800

From tables = 1545 = 2 hrs. 1330 for Fraguin Pt.15m on Charleston

- Why the difference? -

Worked on G.F. Jerdan's ms. on Florida & wrote him on my suggestions. Quit about midnight – again

Tuesday, 25 March, 1958

Yesterday's rain had stopped during the night &d today dawned overcast cool, & quite windy. Spent the morning getting the bottom mount ready to go. Boats (Albert Lite) & I stretched out the tyrexr cable (3-conductor, neopreme covered type s50 300 volt cable) and the 3/16 oms steel cable. Stretched I tall out on the dock & taped them together every 508 feet for the full 250 feet. Charlie Kearse and John Hernandez worked to get the batteries and transmitter hooked up, while I got the meter down & mounted on the frame, hooked up & tested the cable & meters. Left the I Pdo pier ca. 1100 for beacon #25 anchored the Gilbert channel ward of the beacon. Put the two boxes – one containing the recorder & batteries, the other with the batteries & transmitter. Hooked everything up there – left John & Charlie there & came back to the Gilbert. We had coiled the cable in a big box & now put his in the skiff. Lowered the mount over the side & held it at the surface while the skiff played out the line. It just reached, but there was no slack. Had Preston Johnson use the skiff as a tug, & push the bow over until the cable reached. I had suited up & dropped in. First I undid the marline that was holding her level and used that to secure the tyrex to the bale. Gave the signal to lower away & hung on to the top as she went down to the bottom in 271/2 feet. I have never been in blacker water. I couldn't see my hand in front of my face – literally. Even with my light blue gloves. I unhooked the lowering hook & eased the bale down in the direction of beacon #25. I then worked by feel back along the bale to be sure the meter was free of cable & could swivel – keeping low so my tanks didn't hit the meter. By feel I could tell all was clear. Back along the bale to the cables & out along the cables towards where I thought the beacon was. Kept tension on the line & came up a right on course for beacon #25. Back to the ship – chow - & off with Hernandez & Kearse to finish up the gear on the beacon. Beacon is 5 -piles with a light & 2 board platform. Both boxes were secured with line & tied- in nails on the platform. Darn little working space. We turned on Xmtr. checked it with the wave meter, turned on recorder, marked the tape- 1318 start - secured the box tops, put tops over all, clamped the antenna to one of the uprights, secured 31/16 cable, took a picture and left. Meanwhile, back at the ship, they were getting a good healthy signal from it, so all seems to be going well.

Will have to check – either audibly or by going down again – to see if the lead-in cable is tangling.

Now receiving from stations #5,6, & 7. All three were put in with no breakage. We did not have enough meters (i.e. enough fins) to put 3 meters on Sta. #6, so she is running with no mid-meters. Now (1500) there is some trouble with meter #1 on buoy #6. Checked in the skiff, & meter is OK, so it must be bum contacts. Will have to pull it & put on a new meter. #2 impellors &3 fins came today, so now we can add the other meter.

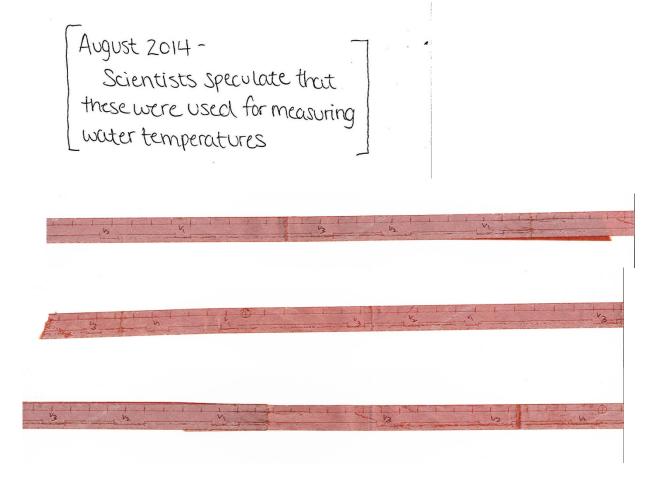
Ship went by bottom mount headed out at 1522. Took a reading @1509 & all was well. Another listen in @1645 gave a steady signal – current still running out fast, so it is not on contact, at slack. We had a reading at 1509, some 21/2 hrs. after the current had changed so at least we did not drag the anchor through it.

At 1700 we get underway to put the new meters on station #6. Meter #1 doesn't make her V contacts, & no meter was put on #2.

1850 Hernandez & I just back from beacon #25. Recorder still running with times still ticking, but velocity stylus is making continuous contact. No direction pips, intermittent or continuous. If the velocity were shorted, then since velocity & dir[direction] are separate we would still get direction pips. Since we were getting no direction pips, then there was no short. Thus, it appears that something has caused the impellor to stop on contact. I will come back early in the morning & see. We cut off the xmtr [transmitter] to save batteries, but left the recorder on. This in case something is caught loosely in the impeller & might move on when the current stops ebbing & starts to flood. In the morning I will first check the recorder to be sure that it isn't now working OK. Then will go down at beacon #25 and follow the lines to the bottom mount. All will have to be done by feel anyway. Have never seen such inking blackness anywhere.

It took just one hour to pull, check, replace, & replant buoy #6. We first checked meter #1 & found a busted wire in the plug at the meter. So the contacts we were getting were — white lead — only direction re-wired the plug, & replaced it. Then added the new meter to the middle position & replanted it. All three now working well — still no breakage.

1930 Back at the dock, but reception is so bad, we will have to get underway & anchor down on the channel somewhere in order to pick up our signals. Anchored near sta. #5.





Wednesday, 26 March, 1958

Right after breakfast, I suited up & Hernandez & I went in the skiff off to beacon #25. We climbed up & took the top off the recorder box. No time tics, & no direction tics, & the velocity was still on. When we disconnected the meter cable, we began to get good time tics, so evidently the steady drain from the velocity contact had lowered the batteries. Anyway, it was not the xmeter [transmitter] or the recorder but the meter that is fouling it up. It was cold, overcast, & windy up on the beacon, and I was cold before I ever got into the water.

I tanked up in the skiff & rolled over to go down cables to the meter. Taking with me my little brown marker buoy & ca. 25 feel of line. Once on the bottom, I closed my eyes to see if it could be any blacker – there was absolutely no difference, eyes open or closed. Moved my light – colored gloved right up to my faceplate, & there was still no difference. Moved out hand over hand along the cable. It was at one p1 – est. 90-120 feet from the beacon – hung up on a piece of wood sticking out of the bottom. I freed it & had to make an almost 90° change in course, so that is where some of out slack had gone. Followed on to where the cables are attached to the bail. Felt along the bail to the hinge & then reached inward to grasp the upright. Followed it up to where the cable is attached & the cable was not twisted up. Following on up along the hanger, it felt



as though the hanger instead of the being like (a) above, felt as thought it has been bent forward (b). It was really pretty hard to tell by feel, though. The impellor seemed to have all its blades, and the fins felt all there, but the angle was all wrong. I came back up – total time in water 15-20 minutes. We came on back to the Gilbert, & I stepped in to the shower & filled the suit with hot water. A couple of minutes of that, a cup of hot coffee, & a cigarette, & all was OK. We'll have to pull the meter up and check it. Current now is running pretty fast, but slack water is shortly after noon, & we will try to get her up & see what the trouble is.

Disconnected cables from beacon #25 picked up all cable in to skiff, took box of cable from skiff to Gilbert & lifted the bottom mount with the 3/16. She was in fact bent over as shown above. Bent in the up current direction. Also some bits of white string(?) were jammed on around the impeller bearings, making her turn hard. Cleared out the string, strengthened the bail, checked the lines with the meter on, got 3 v's [velocities] & a D [direction] ok, & lowered her to the bottom. Put the box in the skiff, off to #25, hooked everything up again. No beeps, but it was at slack water. Bottom meter at Sta. #25 was still too, so hooked her up, turned on xmitter [transmitter], hooked the meter to recorder, closed up the boxes, put tarps back, nailed cable box to the beacon & came back. Shultz, Charles Bee & La Roche were all here. We talked of currents & tides. By 1400 bottom meter on sta.#5 was off slack water & still no beeps on 3331 – bottom mount. I am now suited up again (1430). We will try 3331m again when they are through with this series. If still no beep, I will go down & do what I can on the bottom. It was raining all the time we were on the beacon & it's still cold & rainy. Damn miserable diving weather!

1730 Back aboard. There was a fair current running – (1.2 knots on bottom meter of sta. #5). I had to work up – current along the lines from beacon #25. At the meter – still black as midnight, the current was pretty strong & had to fold one leg around the bail and drape myself around the hinge par of the upright in order to stay there. The swivel just is not efficient. I could turn the meter 90° to the current & it would not come back of its own accord. I was also tipped forward. I cut the line I had put on to keep her from tipping back & was going to try to put it aft to keep her from tipping forward, but in the dark & cold with gloves, it got away from me. The hanger felt bent, so I straightened it up. Impellor seemed to be turning well, though, I came up & by swimming 90° to the current. I was able to grab the shift as I sailed by. Back at the Gilbert, they said they had gotten no pip at all. Over skiff to beacon #25 to cut off the recorder, only to find the recorder working like a charm, with seconds, directions, & velocities coming through nicely (V1 V2 D V3). So even though the xmitter [transmitter] isn't working now, - 1600 – at least the recorder & bottom mount are, when last seen. I fear, though, that once the current has slacked and then turned, it won't swivel back but will tip forward & probably bend again. If so, we will know in the morning & will try either the other bearings or try to re-right it with the bail secured in the upright position & the meter suspended somehow below it. We'll get this thing working if it kills me

– and it may yet. Stepped right in to a hot shower once I was on board and stripped down under torrents of hot water – it helped.

Evening wrote long letter to Capt. Crosby & patched up my rubber suit. That weldwood used to patch the meter fins works well on my suit too.

Thursday, 27 March '58

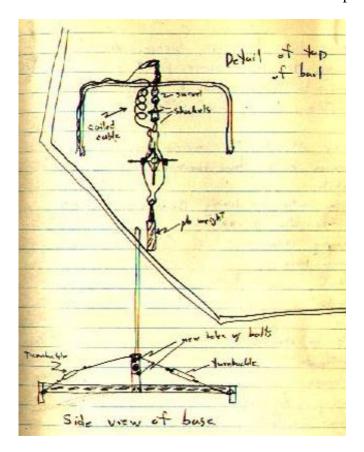
0815 Off for beacon #25. Tide was low again, so I shimmied up to the steps & climbed up. Uncovered recorder box, & there was no time tic at all. The clock was stopped at 0517 (1717?) but I was getting an occasional direction pip, but no time pips. Had Johnson skiff back to the ship for a new clock battery. Put it in & it still didn't start. I put the winding key in the slots & applied a slight backward pressure. Whether it was battery or the nudge, I don't know, but she started. I wanted to see what sort of a record we had, so I removed the take-up reel, took off the tape & re-attached the XXX end to the take-up reel. When I left, seconds were ticking and an occasional D [direction] was coming through.

Back at the ship, I looked over the roll. D marks were pretty regular but V's [velocities] were occasional only. Some 15 or so feet back there was nothing. I think she was OK while the current is ebbing – it was just about at slack before flood when I was there – but she doesn't swivel around to meet the flood direction. Back to the beacon w/ [with] Hernandez, we cut off recorder, pulled plugs, put cable box in the skiff & pulled up cable & the mount, moved to the Gilbert, handed up the box, hooked on the hoisting line & brought her on deck. I first checked with the ohmmeter & we are getting 3 v's [velocities] and a D [direction] at the plug at the end of the Tyrex. Meter itself is thus OK as is the cable to the recorder. When we unhooked the lines from the recorder, we were not getting any time tics at all. By the time we had the meter check on deck, the ship was again en route to the I.P. Co. dock – with the recorder still on beacon #25. I feel that the bottom mount is just not swiveling in the current, & it now appears that there is something wrong with the time tic part of the recorder. If I can get the skiff – she needs more gas – I will scoot back and will bring the recorder back for a complete check before we try again. Will try a better rig for suspending it too!

1130 Back at the dock. I think that if the mount is not absolutely flat, that the meter doesn't swivel freely, but tends to hang & vassilate in the downward direction. Capt. Schoene & I have taken off the hanger – little water in the stand, so bearings are apparently tight – and the meter. By suspending a double hanger from the top by a shackle & swivel and by putting extra bolts & guy wires on the upright bule, we can make it secure. I will work on this this afternoon, straighten out the cable, collect and chuck the recorder from beacon #25, and have her all set up to put in at the slack water in the morning. If it works, we will get at least 24 hours of record from it, 24 hours of good record.

After chow I worked till Johnson had picked up some gas, & then he & I out boarded from the I.P. Co. docks down to beacon #25 to recover the recorder. Back aboard we went over her pretty completely & found that even though we were getting V1 V2 V3 keying of XXXX there was no direction. We had a good D [direction] impulse at the end of the cable though we found a bad 50>> relay & replaced it. All appears to be well with the recorder now.

It's for the mount. I had Steve drill two more holes in the hinge plate & then butt them tight. Boats then put cable & turn buckle braces on the uprights for extra strength. I suspended the meter in the regular hanger from a chain of shackles and a turnbuckle. Tyrex was placed on a telephone cable recoiler, marlined to the top of the bail and down along the sides to the base. 3/16 steal cable was secured to the top & taped lightly to the upright so it



would break away with a jerk on it, so meter could be recurred san diver if necessary. At the base, the 3/16 was so taped that it held a 12 ft. coil of the cable, a coil that would be freed when the tape is broken. Hashed it all up to the recorder & all goes well. Still have to secure plug & safety wire the shackles, & we are set to go.

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	Slack 0539	Water	Interval	Charleston s/h per flood	Sta. #5 m-3 s/h per ebb
25	11.2 e	12.4	+ 1.2		1.2
	17.7 f	20.5	+ 2.8	2.8	
	23.9 e	01.5	+1.6		1.6
	06.4 f	09.0	+2.6	2.6	
26	12.0 e	13.6	+1.6		1.6
	18.5 f	20.4	+1.9	1.9	
	00.8 e	02.5	+1.7		1.7
27	07.3 f	10.0	+2.7	2.7	
	12.9 e	14.7	+1.8		1.8

Slack before flood at the bottom meter comes 2.4 hours after slack at Charleston

Slack before egg comes 1.6 hours afterwards.

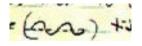
So slack this morning is at 10.7 on 1045

Recoiled the cables in to the boat box. Changed to a freer – swiveling swivel, safely wound the shackles, tested- again – the recorder, wound & set the clock, put a holding line on to keep one meter from banging and she is all set to go. 0950 leave I.P. Co. dock from beacon #25.

1200 Back at the Gilbert from Beacon #25 we tied the Gilbert w/ a long line to beacon #25. Put the recorder in the skiff & Mudge (Ens. W.M. Lee) and I took her over & mounted it on the beacon. Back to the Gilbert & lowered the meter with two recoverable lines, orienting the bale 90° to the current. Put cable box in the skiff & over the 200 ft. to the beacon. Plugged in the meter cable, pushed start button & nothing happened. I died right there. Once the wave of panic had left, I snooped & found the read lead from the battery had broke & and times. Hernandez came over to see why the transmitter wasn't working, one hole where a plug in the harness fits on was too big for a good contact. I suggested stuffing wire in to the hole & she now is working well. She started recording at 1101 am. I marked the 1115, 1130, & 1145 speed-ups on her. About 1135 the time tics stopped. Turned out to be too much tension on the pen. I adjusted that to a lighter line and all was ok. We may have her licked at last. I sure hope so.

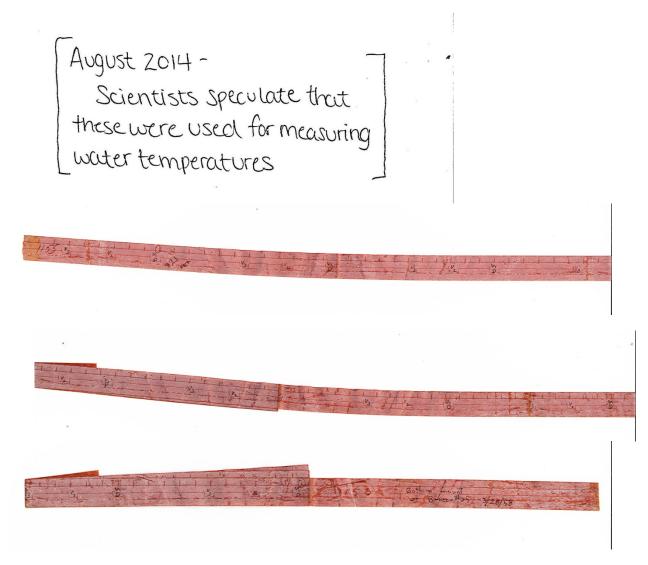
Tape from the recorder @ 1135 is attached 7 revolutions in 82.1 seconds = 11.7 sec. = 0.6 knots & direction is 360° . At the same time, sta. #5 bottom meter had 0.5(1130) to 0.6(1200) so they jibe pretty well.

From 0800 25 March to 1000 28 March are 3 complete



(tidal) days. By counting the squares encompassed within the flood part & the ebb part of each curve, dividing by the number of squares on the abscissa, I got a mean velocity for that period. I then multiplied this value by the time between the two slacks to get the tidal excursions. Adding the flood excursions (26.15 naut. miles) and the Ebb excursions (19.66 naut. miles), there is a net flood excursion over the three days of 6.49 nautical miles. 6.49 naut. miles is $6.49 \times 6080 = 39,460$ ft. in $294 \times 134 \times 134$ ft./hr. = $2.2 \times 134 \times 134 \times 134$ ft./hr. = $2.2 \times 134 \times 134$

1512 Tuned to 331 ke's & she is still beeping, V1 V2 V3 D. Contact interval is 39 sec. or 0.2 knots. Direction ca. 190°, so she has turned & is lined up OK. Bottom mount is meter #183



Beeps still coming in @ 1940. Six revolutions in 41.8 sec. = 6.97 contacts int. or 1.1 knots. Direction 180° sta. #5 on the bottom had 1.6 @ 1930 and 0.4 at sta. #6 bottom meter. At 2144 four revolutions in 51.2 seconds or a 12.8 contact interval = 0.6 knots.

0706 Tape from the bottom mount shows 19 revolutions in 137 seconds, 7.2 CI = 10 knots at 198°. Bottom meter at #4 is 2.1 at 180° & at #5 is 1.6 at 180° & sta. #6 #3, velocity is 0.4 D? cable.

At the bottom meter at station #6 the ebb excursion decreases steadily as it leaves the time of spring tides. Excursion in nautical miles.

Flood excursion shows no such regularity.

& climbed up. Opened recorder to find that tape had slipped back from the writing slate & was not visible through the window. Still marking ok, though. In putting her back we broke the tape. Used same masking tape to patch it up. To do this we had to remove batteries to get at the take-up reel; & in putting batteries back, we disconnected – inadvertently – one of the battery wires. So – naturally – one of the battery wires. So – naturally – we got no time tics or anything else. Once the panic had subsided, we found the hitch, wound the clock, checked everything & closed her back up. I was suited up, with my tanks & weight belt in the skiff, so I tanked up, rolled over & down the cables to 1) check to see tyrex & 3/16 cables were not fouled, so meter could be recovered san diver, 2) to see if tyrex had become wound around swivel, between bail & meter as the current reversed, 3) to get a bottom sample for the C of E, and 4) to attach the little brown buoy to the top of the bail by the nylon line.

It was just as cold & as dark as I had recalled from the last time. The tyrex & 3/16 cables were both snagged and tangled under one of the mount legs. The mud was so soft, I could force my arm in up to the elbow. I got them free & checking showed the quick – release for the 3/16 was still in place. Felt my way up to the top of the bail & down the shackles, and there were no twists in the tyrex around the chain of shackles. Evidently she swings back & forth between flood & ebb & not all the way around. Back to the bottom to get the mud sample for the engineers in the labeled jar. Took little – brown – buoy out of my britches & felt back up to the top of the bail and secured running end there & let her bob to the surface.

Back along cables to the beacon & up. I kept slight tension on the cables en route, so any slack will move at the beacon & not in to the meter. Picked up the 9-thread recovery line & went back down the cables. I attached one end to the eye at the top of the bail & up with the other end to the buy, & secured it to it. There are now two ways of recovering the mount; either by the 3/16 & the release mechanism or by the buoy 9-thread. Swam back to the skiff & on to the Gilbert.

Recovered buoy #4. Top impellor lost 2 blades when buoy anchor cable ran back in to it. Others ok, but meter #4 had strands of some fibrous material wrapped around forward impellor bearing causing her to turn harder than normal. Velocities on this meter may be

slower than the current..

Note: should be made in the book. (done, HBS)

Recovered buoys 5& 6 with no incident. It is easier to mount and dismount the meters if we use 2 half hangers. 1304 &1455 tapes taken on the buttom mount & she is still going.

Although I will leave this evening, the bottom mount will stay down Sun, Mon, and Tuesday to give at least four days of record.

Craytens Charter Service Georgetown S.C.

August 2014 Scientists speculate that
these were used for measuring
water temperatures







Appendix: Harris B. Stewart handwritten diary pages

H. H. C. H. W. H. Wingal Bay. Current Survey -- Mar's 8 New York Herbor Circulating Survey - Feb 58

HB. Fleward to Tides si Currents Prison Coast si Geodefic Sarres Washington 25, DC

uscess Silbert in Georgetown S.C. 26626

50174

Manufactured by U. S. Government Printing Office

Code 2236 U. S. Navy Electronics Lab San Diego 52. Calif. 7 Aug 1959

Dear Stew:

Enclosed is what we have on the rock dredge. Iso included is the material for making up the chain bag and the inside netting. We also used to place small pipe dredges on the bottom of the bag to catch the fines; this was simply a large diameter gas pipe with wire at one end (mesh) and a small wire yoke at the top end.

The chain bag is made up by deciding how long you want

the bag to be and cutting the correct number of lengths of chain, attaching them at one end to the holes around the lower edge of the steel box. The lap links are used for this purpose. After the chains are attached, then they are secured together in a sort of mesh by connecting adjacent chains with lap links. 6 fort langets

: lap links (not to scale)

(with the chains) After the lap links have made up an open-ended bag, the lower end of the chain bag is drawn together with BT or other steel wire. The shrimp netting is then used to make up an interior bag to fit inside the chain bag; it is secured at the top through the holes around the lower edge of the steel box. It is a good idea to tie it down to the bottom end of the chain so that it doesn't come out during lowering.

In the past, wire has been used to xecure the chains to the steel box, and wire clips have secured the chains together to make a bag, but the lap likks are better, and what we have used for the last few made.

don't have any data on how much this will cost, it has been several years since we made up the last batch of dredges.

If I can help out, further, let me know.

We are looking forward to seeing you and the new wife in New York. We should have about nine people from the Lab and scores from Scripps; not all of us from the Lab, however, will be on Govt orders -- details not settled yet.

heavy wire mesh, welded

to pipe, or

The bottom dredge is designed to enable personnel aboard ship to obtain samples of the ocean bottom including specimens of the organisms living in the sediments.

when ready to be lowered the two buckets are supported and held in an open position by the lowering chains. The two lowering chains are joined by a ring which hangs from the hook of the release mechanism. The weight of the dredge hanging from this hook keeps it in the latched or lowering position. When the dredge reaches the bottom its weight will no longer hold the hook in the latched position and the weight of the lifting chains will swing the hook down, releasing the lowering chains.

At the start of the retrieving action the lifting chains cause a scissor-like action by the lifting arms. This causes the buckets to bite in and entrap a sample of the bottom.

The two buckets should meet and form a good seal to prevent loss of the solid matter inside. An access is provided on one bucket to make it possible for a core to be taken before the sample is disturbed by dumping the material from the dredge.

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10 February 1957

Morth Goodheast & I left my apt for the Marmer, all States Island Querentino Station. 19ther free y - Turnel - AT 40 (not I when they split just bush of Juneal) though bilongles over bridge to NIS Tumpite. Leave it at exit 11. At exit, take route 9- left limb of the V at exit gate. Then take 200 or my Htsign labeled outerbridge arossing. Follow signs to & across bridge (over Arthur Till) ente Steden Island. Turn right just past foll gate onte Paige St. (Her? Blut?) & Collow to 20th step light (Hylan Blvd). Turn left & follow it all around he island ins

10 February 1957

Mark Godhows of I left my apt & he Marmen, all States Island Querenter Station Atmen framey - Turnel - AT 40 Crist I when they split just bush of Juneal) through bilangular over bridge to MS Tumpite. Leave it at exit 11. At exit take rout 9- left limb of the V all entigate. Then take 20th or rightsign labeled outerbridge arosing. Follow signs to & suress bridge (over Ather TII) enter Steden Island. Turn right jout point toll gate onte Paige St. (Her? Bld?) & Cllow to 20t stop light (Hylan Blvd). Turn left & follow it all around he island ins

and outs, but still Hylan. One block before
it dead ends in the Nurrows, turn night
(a) light) onto Bay Street. Approx two
blocks of Quarantine Sto is on left bohind
big fences

Checked ICTI for numbers & Sound name we have Temp. Unit #2, Conductivity Unit #2, a Frequenter, an 200 ft. of cable, & Isensor head. Called Imbrie of Columbia wham I had asked last eve. to check the ite under G.W. Bridge for ice flows. He said there was some but not much. Called Bear Mt Park Police, & They said have was lots & some way moving. Coast Guard says Albang is 100%

frozen, Turkey Nech 9890, Poughkoupste 90%. A slight than or a freshet would really It fix it for US. Hale in photogrametry Div of Celes in wash is due here when we get in tomorrow from ICTI run. I hope to sell up a ciné. Modele movie camera valure me home a good view of the river ree. By taking a single frame every 8-10 sees & then projecting them at 24 6mms/see should give a good picture of the averall account patern & charges in it with time - IF- the ice is good. It's pretty cold have on the ship. 170 today & due to get to 100

tonight. Photo in tonights paper showed a fishing boat really covered with vee, & showed the Thraway bridge really jamuel with ite. Ends Weber says that last week in the Lower Boy Thay had 27 knot winds & that water coming over the bow Souse on everything - it was pretty miserable operating. Numugraph that I had asked CBI for

was here was here, so I took a look to see what sort of limits we might expect.

Ht constant salinity, the conductivity

increases 4 units (4 milimons/cm) per 5°C temp.

Ht constant temps, conductivity increases

3 units per 4% Salmity (2% O).

So, actually, conductivity reads almost of the salinity + 5% o.

Mark worked with Thompson on the

Called Butch & will call him Mednesday
morning if we are out photography something

Called Capt Crosse. Passed on IST I

listings for Palmohor, gave Hale the word

to come on up & we will just hope the

ice movement is softwarent

Tuesday, 11 Feb 58 Underway from accountine Stee 075%, ICII has been or Ewarming up since 0700. They say vellage jumps from 118-122 OLL Must ICTI be colibrated before each lowering? Why not each day? Vilves the same Got Slutran in first - then 15. Her to do a good deal of manurering to avoid shipping. Station 16 at month of Till Ven trull was a real stimber- only unfell bit we had to lay to i wait, then move while 8 ships went by our stateon Finally snuk in, tech it, and snuch out again of busy in here will have a pretty short life expectancy.

0945 of for shi#17 When ICTI hard is all if the water it does not record our temp. but skeys at 96 855 - comes back to that even below zero,

Times Village & ayolos cit - 2? Her (0"E) Salinity & temp from a ship as big as the Harmen are probly difficult. The possibility should be investigated of using a smaller - Could bound? - bout . would on the ICII - Temp when in air goes to zero and then post it to 96.85 when it stops, it doesn't appear to reach equilibrium, but stops guite suddenly. On second Hough, it

is in fact recording the activate Temp. Dials go to 2000 then below it si fam at 96.85 - it would go any lower than - 3.15°C - so it really is Off after al. Dues having it against the lower pey (i.e. - 3.152) do any hurm? Add I external conductivity calibration box to the list of CISI goar. In H.M. did Stat 14, E15 in Narrow, #16 in Ather 17:11, 17, 18, 819 acress south of Gov. Island, 20,21,22, acres for Island #23 off Tip of Manhaten & 26 & 27 off Pronty Twelve stations, we left the # 26 at 1345

went up to look over Pres 80 where we may best tomorrow night

12 176,

1128 + 1445m = 1213 slack pre flood

1348 + 1445m = 1533 may flood

C345 - In feel 26 sas to pass

measured span

Left the Marmor at 0620 offer broatfast

Boy St. -> Forest Avery Bayonne Br.

drove for exit is of N J Thompshe, at 6. W. Bridge

we checked with the Rit Hithority pelices I had

called a litritate of Fort Hathority who had

called a litritate of Fort Hathority who had

arranged things. Police - esp Lt. Frend
were most cooperative. They drove out with

us while we unloaded year of Dt. Friend

Leck our car back. We were set up by 0330 . we being Boron Helo- de les photog & me - and took the first from at 0834 He had rigged up a sclenoid operating on & & voits from a 12 voit buttery harber up with a rubber band notern to the single frame topper at a dine Itakh sparal through a chromoter that class every 10 secs. Clark was set up on a thopad of is in bottom of ooch frame There is lets it good ice in the moon s' it is morning right along Somewhat cleudy - broken - with occasional san

coming through. We are set up under The tower, north sides New jerk and. It is protty coids but with long joing Hossie bods, & housed could, it is bearable, The elevator is at this level, & the caps sent some men out to melt the re That had from the deer shut. I'm now onside, & though really coid & am out If the word Byron the brought some rum, so that helps Started expose at 5.6 at 0930 changed to 6.3 as light gets strong. Clouds now less broken and have seems to have uncreased,

and overall light intensity is greeting clums treams ogso- Ire spread 48 seconds portion in measured by timing are as limed up between two bridge aboth onto

B jee A

4000 froms @ 6 from / mil = 666 months

666 months = 11.1 hours or more than we real

Lt From & O-Hour Novas

letter the 24 Feb Add Sgt. Bellman to the list.

downstreem

H25- Ice by at 54 sees, - God, the end 120 - Office - took me to a delva tesson for sinding his & col Rec 1335 - Tite has changed E'cours are moving up how The secured his frozen & be and tripping it by hand every 10 sixs it is down coldillill Byon is as cold of Ion- no Next - From horchy hold The pen, by think we are

getting good results! 1355 Changed sped to f 2.7 Still working by home at about 10 must shifts overeast of snowing sit not be nord - still pretty cold 1/ I am a b solutely frezen sith bunch, one of he P.A. police tily me to a skhatesancost \$3.04 Sendendres & cotter The sdored still bezon Couldn't seech Butch on 1415 Ice many upsteen 2 mts or sees to pass the range - every colder - Vive are both pretty inantitate- moderate snow- 100% overzaste

1500 Fee gong gostum post range @ In 27 secs. Sienry still trigging by hund- still dan ack - run (sts) 5000 1515 Fee dill monny up - 4.11 co/41 1525 - Ise by Immate 12 sees Openays changed to 6.3 of ??? has Dai 4.4 @ 1620, and 2,50 1630. That is as inde year as she will go Snow hus stopped & wind his died down. It is still all but bearable, Add officer Repaski to me Ist. He book me to lunch - so to speak 1636 throcked toff- be don't 335 left - 644 taken news 3rds at 24 byse- offer lowley-

Exec. Director_PA yot back to the Marmer @ Pier 26 to find that Thumpson- Redismon- had been taken off with a heart attack, The It Comb Store off to see Hourben Moster about conditions in East River Then we had to wait for a try to come move the RR burge That was wedged across The slip - now jammed with ice one out, we will up rover to apl. about 1/2 mile below Fea. Wood. Bridge we were braiking we the last 1/2 mile, & lowered the ICTI Through a

hole chopped on the ire Capl. Weber called it off for the day & the Ship stopped briefly at Pier 26 for me to hip of i colled, he car. + got book to the Morrows of Querontine about 1900 - blommy had & cold ca. 140,1 In ATT I helped mark a bit below with the meters - Putty on a short connector between veli é dir posts so That they would use the same big, ¿ other world out as a grant. 1600 - Sol up ICTI with Serveye for the 24 hr. run. It is rigged off The Stern, I plan surfere obs.

every /4 hu- with bottem. obs every
1/2 hour. from new 'till tomorrow eve.
Warm-up motors now termed on. 1700 Started 24-hr. operation port copycell. Hw cw Hgt The Warrows @ Fl. Wudsmorth + aboz + abiz - 0.3 hr on Sandy Hoch.
Topy all
1700 Started 24-hr operation Don't This
HW CW Hgt
The Warrows @ H. Wudsmorth +0.62" +0.12" -0.3hu
on Sandy Hoch
Corrected Vides of Ft. Wodercoth
Corrected rides of [1. Wide mean
1553 4555 3.3 HW
147 0429 4,2 HW
1103 -0.2 Lm
1659 3.4 Hr
1318 -0.7 Liv
13th Corrected Carrons - The Newman- Midsham 13th 1514 fld.
1314 fld.
1742 SIL
2103 86
14 0036 5th
CBUH Fld
0630 514 4618 FH -
1325 Stt

Jone-Slrop oll Yuin

Calibratel	ICTI.
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Ime	S.A.	Bothm+1	Tempi
1705	20.32	20.06	00.76
1708		20196	00.79
1715	20.44		00.76
1730	20.46		00:74
1732	20.99	2099	00.77
1745	20.42	4	00.68
1800	20.46		00.62
1802		2125	.83
1815	20.39		.60
1830	20.45		159+
1832		2160	186
1845	20.48		.60
1900	2015		.59
1902	_	20.52	.59
1915	20.31		153
1930	20154		.57
1932		2095	.71
1945	20.48	2	157
2000	20 29	_	.51
2002		20.40	157
2015	20.38		.54
2030	20.41		,54
2032		20.53 (?alla)	.59

Time	5-9.	Betomt	T
2045	20.40	Dollow	lemp
2100	20.48		156
2102	20.10	20.70	
2115	90,5	20170	.63
2130	20.5/	_	,44
2132		20.70	.47
2145	19.84		142
2202	19.79		,40
2200	100	H.96	.45
2215	19.65		135
2230	18.86		,24
2232	_	18.91	126
3245	18.77		121
2300	18.88	- 19.03	.25
2302	- /	19.03	.27
2315	18.25		,26
2330	17.81.	18.05	,25
2332		18.05	.26
2345	17.36		17+
2400	17. 55	00.2	121
0 002		17.64	.24
0015	17.22	. –	14
0030	17.18		113
00 32		17.24	.14
0045	16.67		.01
0100	16.28	The second second	06
0102	_	17.02	.08

- Calibrations					
	- Cor	tirritinh.	y		Temp
Time	H	10	J Hi-lo	2000	Temp. Posit 1 2
13Feb_					
1700	50.83	25.15	16.86	00.12	10.96 22.4
2245	50.74	25.10	16.79	0000	10.97 22.42
14 Feb					
0310	50.78	25.11	16.80	00:00	10:97 22.42
					100
0810	50.77	25.12	16.51	00:00	10.96/2 22.42
				and the state of	
2110	30,76	25.12	6.80	00:00	10.96 22.42

Ime	S.f.	Bo Hemri	To-
0105	+016,20		Temp -0,07
0110	16.19	- 1	
0115	16.35		-0.087
0120	16.35	. 20	-0.04
0125	16.40		-0.03
0130	16.38	- WALL	-0.05
0132		19.12	0.52
0135	16.32	_	-0:08+
0140	17.27		+ 0:09 alimbing like mid
0145	16:36	11 - 12 CH	-0.06 seltelden
0150	16,65	-	-0.08 vassilating
0155	16,68	-	-0.04
0200	16:78	-	-0.03
0202	19.20	19.24	00.52
0205	16:36	-	-0.05. vassel
.0210	16.65		-0.07
(0212	16.85 to	- 17.10 reall] : mpg	-0.07 to +0.02)
0215	16.82	- Columbia	-0.03 - E. C C. AB
0220	17.44		-0:03 - farly stolk
0225	17.42	-	40.04
0230	17.22	_	0.00
0232		19.92	0.49
0245	**************************************	20.08	0:51
0248	17.30		0.00
0300	17.49		0.04
0302	14.42	19.92	0.43

1 mme	S.f.	Btm	. Temp.
9315	17.76		00,02
9330	18.44		00:15
0334		19.66	00.37
03-15	18,55		00.10
0400	19100		00:18
0402	19.84	19.84	00,36
0415	1942		00.26
0430	19.38	_	00.25
04132		19.62	00.31
0445	19.38	_	00.22
0500	19.3		00.20
0502	1.00	20.08	14.00
0515.	29-10	9,10	00:07
0530	1946		00.18
0532	-	20.60	00.38
0545	H1.26	-	00.03
0600	1940	-	00118
0602	 	19.44	00.32
0605	19.76		00,23 checks
0610	14.55		00,19
0615	19.76	•	00.21
0630	19.66		00.15
0632	1	21.74	00.62 chehed
0640	工冊	104 21.79	00.62
0645	20.16	-	00.31
06 50	20.18	1000	00.31

	/			
	Ime	Sol.	Birtom+1	Temp
	0700	2000	-	00.22
	0702	5	22.28	22.28 00.75
	0715	20.12	-1-	00.23
	0730	20.42	-	00.30
	0732		21.81	00,56
	0740	20.22	14	00.18
	0745	20.12		50.14
	0750	20,38	_	00.30
	0755	20.46	- 11	00.28
	0800	20.34	-	00:20
	0802	20.82	20.82	00.43
	0815	20.46		00.38
	0820	20.32	-	00.38
	0825	20.15	-	00:36
	0830	20.02		00,37
	0832		20.76	00.45
ACS.	0837		20.59	00.44
	0840		20.36	00.41
	0844		20.45	00.43
	0846	20.06	-	00.32
	0850	20.09		00:35
	0855	20.14 .	-	00134
	0900	20.15	- 400	00.33
	0902	- 63.4	20.47	00.42
	0905	1878	21.31	00.42
	0911	- P34 110	20,96	00:457

.

Time	Sil	13tm+1	Temp	
0914		20.88	00.52	
0916	20.32	-	00.38	9531
0922	20.28	Str. market	00.38	-6130
0925	20.32	- 4	00.38	
0930	20.36	-	00.39	
0932		20.56	00:45	
0935	-	20.60	00.47	
0940	-	20:45	00:43	time
0944	-	20.40	10:42) au	· force
0946	20.36	4	00.45 5 W	men few
	20.36	-	00:45	
0955	20.36		00,48	
1000	20.36 -		00.48	2347
1002 -		20.51	00.45	
1005 -	- 1	20:45	00.49	413 redups
1010 -		20.44	00.45	
1014 -		20.48	00.49	Child .
1016 21	0.40	2	00.51	= f F
1020 2	ouo		00,51	
1025 2	10.45		00,52	
1030 2	,6.44		00,51	
1032 19	0-	20:43	00.48	ALL EST
1040 -	_ 2	0.45	00,54	5005
1044 -	2	0.00	00.42	Yach
1046 19	7.88		00.40	51.01
1050 20	0.22		00:449	446

Fre	Sil	Blogth	Cond.	
1100	00,30		19.60	
1102		0036	19.65	1
405		0:47	20.07	copo
11+0		00.32	14.60	In getting sleepy.
Time	Sof.	Btm +1 #	Temp	
1100	19.60	5, - You	00.30	
1102	Comments	1965	ce.30	
1105	-	20.07	00.47	
1110		19.65	00.32	
in 4		19.92	00.14	
1116	19.14		00.24	
1120	18.88	-	00.20	
1125	18.83		00.18	
1130	18.50	_	00.10	
1132		18.54	00:10	
1135	_	18.56	00.12	
1140	-	18.78	00:17	
1144	_	18.78	00.17	
nub	18.69	+	00.16	
1150	18.63		00:15	
1155	18.62		00.16	
1200	18.12	-	00.18	
1202		18.69	0018	
1207		17.55	00.12	
1210	_	17.42	oorl	
1214		17.30	00.13	
1216	17.18	Telephone	00.14	•

Ime	Sof	B/m +1 5+	Temp	
1220	17.18		00:14	Ire drifting by
1225	17.08		00.15	
1230	17.72	4	a. 15	
1232		1718	00.16	18 crendys
1235		17.07	00.16	
1240		17.06	00:17	replacement
1244		1707	0017	> while I
1246	17.) we !
1253	16.85		00:17	
1255	16.85		00.17	
1259	16.86	- 08	00.18	
130/		17.24	00.17	
1305	t	17.08	00.17	
13/0	-	17:06	00.17	
1315 -		17.10	00:17	
1316	16.95		0023	
1320	16.92		00,19	
1325	16.91	-	00,21+	
1330	16.92		00123	
1332		16.99	00118	
1335	_	17:00	00:18/2	
1340		17.07	00:19	
1344	-	17.04	0020	
1346	16.97		00:24	
1350	16.95		10.24	
1355	16.92	-	00.23	

	,			OL COMPANY
	Time	Surl	Bolom +	1 Temp
NAME AND ADDRESS OF	1400	16.96		00.26
Name of the last	1402		17.05	00,23
	1405		17.06	00.22
	410		17.03	00.24
	1415		17.34	00.23
The second	1岁17	16.91	-	00.30
	1420	16.95		00:30
	1428	16.92		. 00, 33
	1430	16.93		00°33
Name of Street	1432		18.90	00:40
	1435		18.85	00.40
No.	1440		19.06 (19.06)	00.43
distance (Sep	1444		19.72	00,54
Spinister in	1446	16.88		00,32
	1450	16.86		00.33
	1455	17,85 (135)		00 13%
The party and	1500	17.08	-	00.34
No. of Concession,	1502	20.09	20:08	00.63
STATISTICS.	1505		20.32	00:66
The same of	1510	-	19.84	00,60
The second	1514		19.70	00.61
Sandanie of the last		17.40	17.4	00.39
Total Control of the last	1520	1725		00.39
The state of the s	1525	17.36		00.41
-				

Time	डर्म.	13tm+1	Temp	
1530	17.25		00.41	
1532		19.94	00.62	
15.38		19.82	00.61	
1540	_	19.99	00:64/2	
1544		19.79	0061	
1546	17.40	7 -	00.412	
1550	17, 82	2 -	00.42	
1555	18.02	2	0044	233.65.
1600	17.90		00.43	
1602	_	19:53	00.56	
1605		19.29	00.54	
1610	-	1922	00131	
1615	٠.	1935	00:53	
1617	1827		00:46	
1620	18:32	-	00:46	
1625	18:15	-	00.45	
1630	18.26		00.44/2	
1632		1924	60.50	900
1635	_	19.29	00.521/2	
1640	THE STATE OF THE S	19.26	00.52	
1644	_	19:30	00.53	
1646	18.66	_	00.47	
1650	18,55	-	00.46	
1655	18.57	_	00.45	
1700	18.70	-	00.50	250 obs
	The state of the s			

	Conduc	ptivil	Tempa
Time		Bothem	Conductory
<u> </u>	18.833		THE DOWN
1702		19.25	00.51
1705	15/2-	19.21	00,51
1710		19.28	00.52
1714		19.31	00.52 after 1714 obs
1716	18.55	P	00.49
1720	18.54	- 01	00.46
1725	18.87	And the second second	00.48
172930	18.75	_ 0)	00.48
1732		19.20	60.48
1735	Week.	19.26	00.46/2
1740		19.25	08,48 26
1744		19.25	00.47
1746	18.86		00.47/2
1750	18.88		00.47
1755	18.72		00.37 + 0mit
1900 1756	18,90		0.0.46) < more representation
1800	18.99	/ 43 3	00.43
1802		19.84	00.58
1805		20.72	00.70
1810		21.22	00.82
4815		21.46	00.87
9817	19.13		00, 400,49
4820	1911	- mary	00: 481/2
4825	19.04		00.47

Ime	Sol	13tm+189	Temp	
\$830	19.04		00.45	
1832		2165	00:33 92	
18.35	-	21.94 777	00,99	
1840		22.5 °K	01.01	,
1844	-	21.48	00,85	
18469	-	14-21.16	CO. 80	
1850	19.16		00,45	
1865	1926		00,42	
1900	19.21		00.401/2	
1902		20.53	00.69	
1905	1970	20.72	00,73	
1910		20.48	.00.687	
1914	-	20.49	00.68	
1916	19.23		00:38	
1920	.1942		00, 42	
1925	19.26		00,36	290
1930	19.29	344	00.346	
1932		21.38	00.90	
1935	_	21.32	00.88	
1940	_	21.39	60.89	
1944		21.08	00.81	
1946	19.52		00,45	
1950	19.38	The state of the s	00.41	
1955	19.60	The second second	00:47	
2000	19.72	-	00: 50 (50)	10

Time	Sit.	Bottom + 1'	Temp.
2002		20.73	00.7
2005		20.22	00.60
2010		20.70	00 69
2014	T9.34	20.85	OCHE
2016	00.39		0039
2020	19.30	NH CO	60.41 365
2025	19.39		00.42
2030	19:37		00.44
2032	-	20.90	00 \$ 74
2035		20.79	00.75
2046		20.84	00.78/2
2044	A	21.18	00:96
20 47		20.69	00.94
20 49		20.99	00,83
2051	ON - /	20.59	00:7
2055	e - Company	20173	00.76
2100		2012	0062
	Windley -		HOS.
		H-SAME - V	- 1835 Carley
			- Company of the Comp
	THE PROPERTY OF STREET	11.08915	
al 13	dis _ will	19.66	do: 50
		2007	
2/18	19.57	19:-	00.18
2119	19.30		00,30 (tange)
2121	19.61		00.49 \$ 24-45

The Soft Blom Years
2126 19.50 - 00.40

Notes on the 28-hour series:

Surface meter rigged so that top of cage was 46" below the surface. him fixed with a loop, so it could be booked over a ped-eye each time it was brought back up to the surface,

Bottom meter position at 1 foot above the bottom was redetermined every second lowering to compensate for the tide.

over the 28 hours, 321 observations
were made - an average of 11/2 obs

per hour or one every 6 minutes arso

Mark- chair Diagram for records?

I went back is firth between the lab topside down the ladder is out to the faintail to raise or lower the sensing head 260 times, - no wonder I feet lame as well as firede

on the ICTI forms were entered the

treadings every 15 minutes In this book are necorded in addition the numerous in-between revery five minutes over much of the series.

Calibrations of the equipment were run at 1700 and 2745 an tre 13th and at 0310, 0510, and 2110 on the 14th Enough diff to justify calibration before each one.

A running plot was maintained throughout the series - I was a busy little type - and some interesting features were revealed, an am elbring tide the water is padly well mixed. This plot is at surface and bottom water temperature only as no nomograph for conventing conductivity to salmity was available. This must be done later and should be even more revealing.

Note from the temperature plot that the water column on an ebbing convent is pretty well mixed, i.e. nearly isothermal with depth, whereas on aflooding tide the bottom water is considerably warmer. I believe this reflects the up harbon movement of secricism along the

bottom on the Hood. River water (surfue) is damn cold - ice cakes wit - and is colder than the andodyme mixed bottom water brought in along the bottom, The pattern on both floods during the cycle was really quite similar, Salmity values during this apole should be interesting & possibly T-S diagrams can be made for the mixed and the unmixed waters, During the day Mark Goodheart worked as Situated getting the buggs ready with Boots (Bob Savage) & some of the man she really worked hard too & left on. 1600 to go see Capil. Finneyon. Byron Hale tech ice pictures resterdy with we were in The tick of it & level shits today around The ships leaving about 1300 to go back le Washnyton.

Saturday

I slept through breakfast up by 0800 and back at it we delayed showing off antil ac. 0900, so we would get into the East River just after ebb strength, 0955 we

Brocklyn Bridge. There is a good I deal of ice in the river - chanks up to table size 1030. Made Station#25, Started just ander The Wallemsburg and dritted records can loop ds south during the 3 montes the lowing feek. lussed up the West side of Blackwells Island s into Itell bute moving slowly west of this Rock, making station 1432 just west of the southern top of Woods I sland. By larrany the antehan we were able to go beneath Thiborough Bridge between Manhattan s' Randells I. On slowly, henry blowny for the Millight The Swory Bridge Under that and Gred up between it and the too low Howlen Bridge right near where Statt 35 will be, Currents all Through The area are pretty tricky. Down along Blackwells Island & The lower East River these big radioad burges go through with The trade is They roully trously with the tuys trying to guide them but they must make 8-12 knots through there. I don't think busy longthry will be much in there we might put but a during

made station #24 just south of the

busy with no instruments in it or motors for a week before we expect to occupy the statem. This would give them time to get used to missing it & we could see how it survives. This I think, is a good idea, but weben is pretly pessimistic about the whole east River Area,—a bit too so, I think.

1240 Tred up at City Bulkhand at The few of Lincoln The in The lower Harlem River. Snow predicted for tonight. 1316 Under way - Made Star # 30 & 31 in Hell bite - of Circure Mansien & on up Fast Romer. State 34 moved eastern, as it was night on front of the worm water discharge from a Bry Pover Hart on G. L. Mary S were over 1° above normal. Sot # 33 as plotlade Set # 37 between Brother Island & 36 on N Site of F River. Another power plant here, I and soft temp were 0.18 us -0.10 elsewhere. This should be moved torg On 4 # 3 \$ @ 1508 This is the easternment station of the Severy

Heading back we were going for get the 2 stations on either seek of Blackwells Island, but it was snowing hard & visibility was pretly poor, on the way back I worked up in the forward looker with Mark on the meters, Hove bein patting a jumper between the Vel & Dir contacts & grounding The other lead. Heter #88. is poetly rough - we worked on it, but it is still rough one of the magnet is shorter than the other, & makes the. rotation unever. Tot one will go book to Da with Marke To NK Thube evening & met

Butch all Luchers for Dimer. Pan into
Torny Woodruff et Scatty McCabe. I dropped
Butch It Grand Central et them at Educe
Condens in a real blizzard Met Jame
I'll Haliff all The HH et we went to the
Hibernians Homel Bull. Buck have - still blizzing all 0300.

Sunday 16 Feb. -

Ind up at Quaranter Stocker all day It is still snowing & blowing hard from the north.

The down freeze short, all the windows in the lab house a thick corating of front. There is a gernwhole-high drift at the peak

of the baw, and the starboard passage is up to the door forms in snow. It was a rough night lest night. The Hamm was really bucking in high wind & waves. Boats was o'd on and off pully on chafing gene - though were rolling in The golling e' no one got much slep. The lines are all cowered with see, and Mark & I spert the day down in the " instrument lub" - The 6'x5' foot hole forward of the sleeping hold - getting moters ready for use. Meter put in vice, after section and belows removed, additional enumel mire (scraped all dorlands) added to larger lead, innovate impacked,

mounting screens removed e' slipped into The innerds, & innerds put in case- release eafter magnet holder e tighten it down, release Serward one - other inserting - and Arghten, Short longth of covered were out to fit between vel & dir. contects, timmed and attached, short lead attached with it Extra length on larger lead fixed to from screen Even step checked on ohmeter to be seve centerts are well made Flag removed from meter, attached to 2 conductor cable out yesterday. Bellows put on - hand light - the to down plug tightened, the Siller plug is removed & unit filled with oil - a

Esso arration instrument oil Play put back, meter taken out i turned each way to collect bubbles at top. Pul bock in vice i oil added to typ. Bellow's pulled out a bit, extra oil added, and filler plug is replaced, bellows released, so oil is adually under a bit of pressure Rostof meter odded, cobbs pot on, & meter returned to bex. I took about 2. hus per meter. We now have 7 done & I now know how to do the nest, is will get Them in The next couple of days.

we must check the feasibility of making some of the East River stations from the bridges, lowery the maker ton each abo, rather than trying to keep a bong in Trose busy larges proposed = D di willis the Br. / River Triborough Br

Stations 28 229 would be moved south to the auxenstone Bridge, #32 porth to the Words Island footbirds and# 35 South to he Willis Har swing bridge Condr. Weber is prelly beeny of manuary the Harmer in Deve, & I really count blame him. Also the chances of loss are about nul. Mark é Loquit at 1100 lonight. He was pretty tred. I am now all checked out on assembling the meters, but have no idea how the radio end fit all works. We must get a voider man-

a good radio men-but soon, or all will grand to a halt. Highways are all either about light, or burely open. But immene has 19 inches of snow

Monday, 17 Feb '58

Cloudy & cold 10-15° if ar temp producted

6° temp all 0.730. It is betterly cold

with wind at 26 mph and of the west,

we are somewhat protected from the full

wind here, but snow is drifted high

Capt Weber called the ship & coros. He heard a radio rpt. Trop work D.c. has 13 inches & foderal workers have the day off. Our truck was to have loaded for tharleston today, but probably won't now. Mark is still aboard - just plan snowed in dept. Crosby called about noon -wondering where (Cart wer, we worked on the meters in the HTT- he left about noon; & I went book to it antil about 5 or so. I did 2 meters

complete with cuble & plugs and cut 2 25-foot lengths and pul plugs on both ends Condr. Stone got the radio shack in shape. We hope to put a meter over in a day or

Meter #88 went back to Dit. with Marka as did 2 leaking expansion ahumbers.

Donner with Mary bee Shrudy-Morris & Dave - & W 169 - 22D - a nice evening.

Spent nearly on how digging out The acre & the truck washington has had 13 inches - Baltimore 19 - a real storm & more

Tuesday Feb 18

Woke up to 40 F temp. This HM.

Cheur, cold, and - for the first force in Several days - sunmy.
Condr. Stone Kapil al it up in the radio Shack, & I dissoperred into the instrumit shop " Testerday attenuen I rigged meters 102 898

This AM, I did #94 E'98 and put in the two Colles I did yesterday In The P.M. I finished up# 93 & 74. It took about 2 hours per meter to do it right - & do it right I did . I worked along slowly and as theroughly as possible. We now have I all set with the calles attached two all set exept for the cubes which will be out when we know The station Dry will be used at, and two for which there took parts back to DE to be fixed: # 88 and #95, One meter box had no screws in't. The ones that attach the inneres to the case foreword end. I pirated three from # 95, but we will need them when the other parts come up. Combed the ship but fame none the night size.

Wed 19th Feb Coter Keys for buoys yuhrs? For meter hongers? Servers for innords to case?

Trying to get a meter rigged from
the piech to test all the geous. I
ran object tests on the meters blow & #? give a bum patern. It is as though one of the velocity aentacts was not hitting. I have tagged it & will drain it & check

The mechanism if there is time.

Tagged melers #93 & 74 saying they were

absently to go except for cootes tagged

tags saying itent or I should add the

ground & jumper before it is silled the

expansion chambes is in Dic.

pa yoke on #100 (a 75-both). no cotter pens, so I safety wired it Boats has the cube rigged for it, & the 30 lb weight ready.

Need coax abl. to run from xmitterto buoy deck plate for anterna

Fixed jumpers for # 95 X and attached them to tags manded attached to the housings.

Attached test ground to motivate 95 care is

Capt. Weber called D.C. & swithed to 703 when he was through talking with Bupers. Mark was out but I left a message with Mrs. Pagne that i) 13 meters filled with oil,

- 2) No cotter pins for budy hungers: we can get them here or he can send some up.
- 3) need spare screws that hold innereds to
- 4) need coax ouble for running from xmiller

Bupers says they have a rocker man (also named thompson) who will be checked out down there & sent along.

If pen arm on recorder- i.e. the arm howhed to the chronograph - were 12-34 inch larger, we could get treves both at the center of the tope-

Second pips too long the ahronometer a contact is will be a heaked.

We rigged meter#100 over the side of

the pier, but currents inside the pier were too slow to records Buttels on the outside of the pres Souled it up.

we added a section of 808 coble from a bovering stout in the budy to the water as a ground. Connected antena leads to the xmitter, Emder cuble - by passing segmence swith, as the connecter from the Seq. Sw. to xmitter was to short to was to short to reach on the new board setup.

chacked the artistal in the smitter, pulling the preparabound box, put new boths in the recorder & she works. Had meter outside for a while, but wind the irregular & I was leavy of the wind anyway, so we have it inside, & she works pretty well.

Mus. Feb. 200

Set up meter #100 again in the lab.

Since there are few blades & the impeller, and it notoles & times per revolution of the lay grow, then there are 20 blades going

#Send up special paper for making running plat of coverints

Bet ICTI nomograph for our set

by every turn of linggreen, i.e. every complete contact series. Thus velocity pips should come through at 0,5, and 10 blueles with the velocity by direction pip in There somewhere. Since each blude" equals 150, he direction can be established.

Test remo!

Heter Pointed - Pips at (indudes) - Dir - even

E(N) 0,5,10,12 - 215° - 125° +

Steple (077°N) 0,5,10,11 - 198° - 121° +

City (036°N) 0,5,10 - 180° (and He) - 144° +

Bow (340°N) 0,5,6,10 - 108° - 128° †

(10 on This are came in endy obend holf

The Hime!)

West (M) 0,3,5,10 - 054° - 144° +

5 [662]

mean 132°/

Brought up Energy Benning's hand compass, to check the radio shock in lopes The shock & not in he maker. The place is just louded with magnetice frelds so I feel OIT about the moter but am a hair wormed about that morning 3rd velocity signal It seems to happen only when printed towards the beauty # Stations Suggestion is to eliminate #2 & move #1 over to the 28 fl mark is elbow 125 K #6 of junction of 2 cobb wees & Shoot wood Word IV noved to juretin of Terminal & Ravitan Bay Reach File is highly questionable - its charces of serviced are I very stime. It could be never out to Holling Reef area near (2013) Chart 295 - or at Bojone Br. Lat That is wo high

#22 Egg gor-I. Heavy traffic - There would survive better neares bell budy (chart 745). # 24 & 27 have poor chances # 25 & 29 don't have a chare - Quendro Bhas 133 to cleurene - possible.

55 ft loss 25 to be.

#32 - as before, 35 for. # 34- (& 33 in tow) should be moved to avoid worm water cuttlew 1 # 39 is in main channel again, by moving it east a bit- it is a hair wither & could be missed. #42 Spayter Devil- too namon to get Conner in Dock man said no go; there is not enough space. This can be put outside in the river, or can be assigned to the RR boidge Possible prèx meters from De bridges -

Salmite un des again in two sevesho & - Salvaity Run - Lover Bay Stations very bed weather-Pote Statums

teb 3 - 8, 9, 10 X 10/7,6,5,4,3,1,2,11,12/13. 12 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 22, 20, 21, 23 26, 127 Feb 11 -24, 25, 32, 35, 31, 30, 34, 11/33, 37, 36, 39, Feb 15 Feb 30el was bad weather, wands to 30knots with we over everything. Had to anchor to take the stations & worch kept iciny over (only 4 star)

It was of bot cold i wring I arroad the 10th & the 11th was a good day (12 Ste)

even so we let he washing were wholf +

thought was a litearly- The 12th I was on the bridge (Geo work) oll day taking pictures - waher said he lover boy was pretly well fogget in they did get to prer 26, though where Tompson was token off.

The 13th the ite was book & we text one stolin through the ice he The The boys had a day off & I ron the 25 hr. otation. The 15th we got in 11 stolions, but again had to leave equely, as it was snowing puttly hard.

The 16th was Sindry - The 17th - 20th we have been this sup as we can't get the up river stoling because of ree, i can't plant backs my no racho men.

There put the lime to good use in yetling the I metris & burys ready to go. — a life job ter.

John P- Cocetes wests insulution bound 1/2-1' Thich - 6" x 12-18" bakalite or some such.

Salverty run dere again in two severho & lover Buy Status - upry bed yeather-Pote Statums feb 3 - 8, 9, 10 X 10/4,6, 5, 4,3, 1, 2,11, 12/13. /2 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 22, 20, 21, 23 26, 127 Feb 11 -2th dock 24. Feb 13/ 1 "41"/ 11/33, 37, 36, 39 Feb 15

Feb 30d was bad weather, wonds to 30houts with one over everything. Had to wreter to take the statement is worth hept icing over (only 4 ster)

I arrowd to 100 & the 100 a good day (05%)

Even so we left he weeking cover what +

thought was a litery. The 12th I was on the bridge (Goo wash) all day toling pictures - water said he love boy was pretly well forged in, They did get to pres 26, though, where temporer was token of

The 13th the ite was book in we tevel one station through the see. The 14th the long had a day off is I for the 25 the station. The 15th was got in I stations. but again had to leave equily, as it was answering quelly hard. The 17th-20th we have been his app as we can't get the up view stoling because of see. I can't plant because of see. I can't plant because of see. I have put the line to good ever in yelling the d melies is buryo ready to got - a big job tor.

John P- Coates wents insidular Swand.
1/2-1" Think - 6" x 12-18" - behalite or

Wingah Boy / Survey

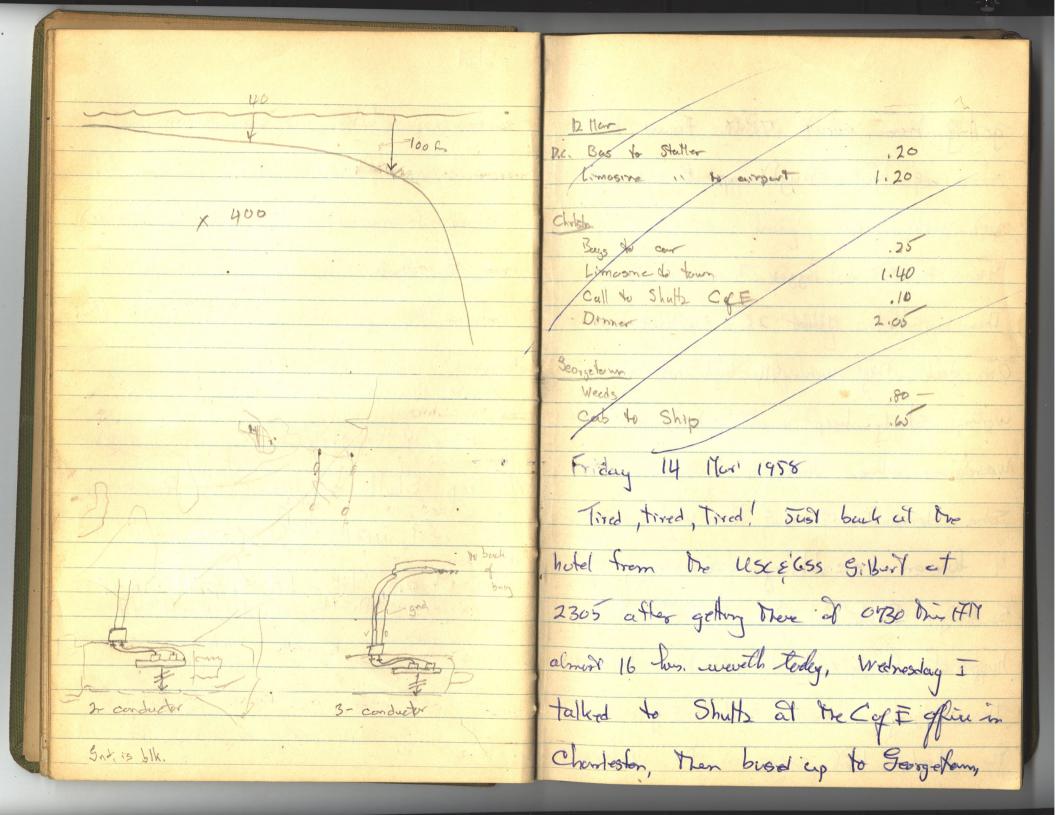
Talk with E.H. Shults in Coff office, Charleston Telephone permish from Ca for recorder on light # 22 (sic.) Last dredges ca's at time. In Sampit Rm dredging Sinished in April :57 Bottom mt. has should from with probably pretty fluffy. Called to Mami Coast Guart & checked the 22 no. 25 a light OIT. Spilmy arcosofe, told him meter recorder 20 to 25 lbs. (?). Said vie my A put. 146" a cross between pitrys, Advise C.G. of Bestown when it is installed. De Bord, and that promission has been granted by the Main office

Cindre Book Burk in Mami hus given permish for installation on 17 19 #25 & that we are advise people in Georgetown who service it. Met Mr J.W. Blair, Assl. Chief Eggm. Advised Charlosten GG. (H. Crada De Boggh) of all of this by telephone. Described installation. 8 lb pb w/ 6" shore penetrated only 1th Sand Waves Lowin Bay 6 13-014 area 60-75 at bone, 4-6 high of worth Howe Gilbert take run over them Hart at

can buoy 13 to buoy 15. In this area note on fattagram reads "Buttern from all he my" Starts all he way out from app frontrange at bur end castern channel, Depth Now diling the discharge elspilling. so Suff not getting April '57 notation on Satteyram - at boury 25 is firm', depth 21 st Some deap droft ships have to come through partly loaded or of they find So med hed hot be of else, Coff people will put out on & archar near our stolone for localions, & My

Shall

will more between 2 stong Yalvay velocities at each : on her & 1/2 how taking 6 measurements vertically (price) & \$ smpls, - (smf. 00mlw, 14 & 1/2 mlw > btm, & last are 1-2 ft abus blow & to Marrieta Copt lot. Smpls ever a 14-hr cycle H Dop Shults a line as to schedule for next week, so he can meet The ship. Shulf. RA-3-5341-e7.19 Home is MM Pleasant Tu-4-4344



getting her obent TP.M Found by ship & got daught up, Buoys just not working. Thus he 13th me Bryged 3 melus & por Them in, but Meters 2 & 3 shorted out On deck. They were off, but not in western steady beep meant short, off to Wærehovse, where Mark, I, J.D. Lewis, John Hernandes (Radio), & Slim worked for 4. Lus on recabling é re-wrieng all 5 brogs, Back at he ship it still happened, Finally decided it was because The nigging made a loose ground on The deck, but once in the water

with all shackely & hargors tryht it was a good ground, They turned some plug in the budy, got good signals from each In water (sta #3) no short, but totally unintelligible signals, Seq. Switched OT, Lat signals unreadable, John figured grounds were wrong, & that we were. receiving from all there of once. IT was 1800 by then, Friday AM - of in he skiff (Mark E' John) to dorrect tim of state E' Sta #3 while I stayed aboard to run the nigging of 3 motions

for station 2, we planted that where The Sampire Rover Joins Wingah Bay & all there were Keying by 1300 Here been moting readings on 9 meters every 1/2 hr since. It has been a dammed bys day Mark werd to Lions club @ 1930, back obert 2245. we stand of it all he time. All is going of now, but it is a lot of work, There are only 5-8 minutes per he when arrangeoph isn't going tops come faster Then we can scale them, Here had 6 people in it all PM. Tentatore Schedule is to mark all

here's over the weekend, then to knock off Wed - Sol, & Sanday to plant # 4,5, El & my bottom meter. Mark called Capt. C., E new yourk is having lots at trouble- broke & motors, There was some breakage before I come - the plastic - but only 1 today when Ens, Garnett let one tall over, They have to be lowered in on a line, or they will break. Will be a long grand, bot f think we will make out of, water is cold (42°) & very

very muddy - but will try to get the bottom mount on when I dan. In the meantime, there is more than enough to do. Salunday - 15 March At ship by 0730. Worked away on topes & chronograph. To town to check out of the hotel & called &d Shultz. arrated & set up bottom mount, Shop did not drill out denterpost, so I will have to vie up some sort at coil arrangement - perhaps using telephone company whe coiler - so meter can turn,

Harty - cable for mount? Mark & I went over the recorder, Butternes are marked + & - & leads are marked, Connect Butts. Line meter plug up. 1st connect line to meter & watch to see plugs & lines une ott. Dirakien à vel. done up separale lives Blank of vel? make velocity the inner mark on the tope, would be best if we could also set up xmtr with antena, so we could monitor the thing from the Ship, Word clock, Set time switch at is mto, int-cont switch to continues to give steady V.D. s' 10sec time all

The time and expanded scale for I minute every 15 minutes. Baltiness to be put in box Fransmiller too. Cover whole with a tarp. Should-with full rollgo at least four days. Mark left ca. 1800 to head back to D.C. I was up until ca. 2300 trying to get the running plots started. Did States and started State meter #1. Sunday 16 March In AM finished all running plats to dete. Sta 2 has lots of gaps of unread lopes, so I started on them,

Times must be gotten when strps the up i leave the Int. Paper Co. deels as they must deflect currents into startin #1. Follow Tapes at station 2 melo #1 are real strokers, as the 12 Acontact doesn't always hit. This is meter 193-7 and I will try to fix it - in adjust the contacts - when we pull it nest Bett 1055 during the 1/00 obs, 16 March, on Station 2, meter 1. It hit & did not Lit on the same tape, so this particular trouble shows up nicely. Actually either 13 or D also misses accasionally.

Lowest velocity available to date is 0.14ts, This I got on 2330 obs 14 March States meter#1. WE full interval, had to multiply V1-V3 by 2 to get full contact interval. Necessity for pole obs? # Mr Mitchum in George fown asked to be remembered to Hanson CESS DE T.Ge Mark- clote to clote scaling notes to Mormer - scaleing missing Schedule - me durny the 4 clays wholetomoder down? charge in wring my votern tentaline - B & 26th

Ship times in s'out of Dock Merday 17 D Mar 58 wrote lang letter to Capt Crosby in All defailing the operations since Mark -151251 loft on Saturday, to your with 12500) ers. Mills for film & sachs, worked en . Stat 2 tapes that are still unread. Talked long on the 'why" of all his to the men running lapes. Pan some of those, Bernam from Charleson paper about & talked long with him & dupl. Schoone. Brought all running plats up & the 1830 ols, got a good dape this evening & ran. aff a duplicate to send to Zetter. It had V2 missing on alternate sets, and 03 out

on the others - gave a wrend pattern indead, books now as though the buoys will come aboard tuesday afternoon or Wednesday. Although Munch (Ers. W. M. Lee) says the Capte soil something about planting set #2. on Wednesday, shutting off the Xmillers & just leaving them on staten until Monday. I'm not a bit enthusias fre about this, even though it would mean I could set up & test the bottom mount here on the duck Thurs, Fri, Sell, & Sun white all

the others were off I'll wait & See what happens, Charlie Rears (sp.) dame abourd today (Radio) to but Mac. (Yvernam) left on emergency leave, so net gain is zero, Juesday Tape scaling again then & AShultz & EE La Roche of Cof E Charles on come about I went overall the plats with Then is we talked through lunch if Hit about 1400, went with them to the Coff book, Wingas, She is using a frice meter with abs at S.T. MLW, Y2 MLW 3/3 mlw & 1 Sterbere bollom

for 14 hrs. at each station. They are about 1930 that they were also taking suspended sediment simpls through, but we ran on until with a milk bottle device up a 2030, to give 104-106/2 his on lone to pull play at depth. each moter, " 14 There price meter has a statled Statt Statt 2 Sta#3 50 rod godget that Pits over the 600 M# 184-H were ming slots on N# 193-A 188 A De top are separated & 9/17 used to join successive rods together to 14 191-17 MH 189-M indicate - roughly - the direction M# 192-A Sie, Finished all of Stoffen 2, brought 9,01 all plots up to date & bardy Roth are from trumions at M# 194-M started checking. It will be a mid moder to trunions (m 1 tom-2 long jobe Engires. blinked & us and m-2 to m-3)

State to deite: 5 broken fins & five broken impellors to date. On vacovering of M# 188-17 budy #1, both impellors had a broken blade. This probably happened during he actual my 185 H receivery, as he anchor cuble 7.9st trailed back into the meters. 190 A - One tail for was broken during recovery, Sent of two busted impélors to Washington All meters washed off & boxed, Sta they planted with three meters as above an station It and left with

The Sequerice switch on #-3 so I dain run off an hour or so sometime during the west four days. ! Thursday 20 March, 58 Worked in A.M. with Charlie Hearse in rigging up the bottom mount, we assembled it on the other deck, rigged the 250 Al with The necessary plays, hocked her to the recorder, of after some fussing, she worked Flemmy of the Georgeton Times came about about noon for photos of us on diring gear with the bottom mount. I went into the water to test weight

At Constant %, conductivity
increases 4 units/5°C

At Constant temp, conductivity
increases 3 units/4%oo(sol)
or 2%oo(cl).

Solvaity here should be one
2 to 35%o
chlorowity range 1-19%o
(so conductively - oto 15%o)

7159

belt, water temp, and visibility. They were too heavy, awful cold, and nil respectively

Into Secretary in the afternoon trying—

m rain— to locate a mise holder-conter such

as used an telephones, but none available. Soit

ford to aut & thread some 1s pipe for

holdery author on the bottom mount. Traves

remained chronograph so we can run her slowers

To warehouse for meter of bottom mount,

From 1645 to 2245 run meter#3 cy station #2 to see how she vorsed by checking 2 minutes every 15. Curve of very nice as is a plot of acutact

interval us. Time Static browne to bud for busy reception at 2250, so we Knucked it off. Have been loving like mutuders - steaks, french fries, milk, salad and peas for donner tonight, Mist write Cupti Crusby on the A.H. If tomorrow is like Yeday, will check ITearse out in the aquallary. He is easier, i'I will be glad to have another man along on Twosday.

Friday, 21 March, 1958

Wrote a 2-page letter to Capt. Crosby

s' went into town to collect mail s' to get

the pipe that tord was cutting s' throuding for

Treasse had finished box for the recorder,

if I fussed trying to get a rig for

that blasted bottom mount so the calle

won't get wound up i stop the swiveling

action of the meter. The ideal way would

be to have bale up i suspend the

cable from that, but it would be 5 ft

high, & wouldn't have a chance of sarvival in a 25 foot channel.

Like this



Meanse left about noon to get year e' look for a recoiler on Charleston. I started at 1363 taking one-minute observations of mother #3 on station #4. There was too much static for the chronograph, so I used the stopwatch, taking the Secs. (to the neurost 0.2) from v, to v, for the number of revolutions taking between 25 and 45 seconds - more at

lower speeds. There were very few missed during the 7 hours and 7 minutes of obs. Missed only 12 out of 427, and they were all at slack water where it was all pretly confusing. I found that when it gets too confusing, you den't really have to sent out the V1, V2, V3, ED prps. Just write down the seconds when they dome (0, 9, 16, 33, 67 etc.) and figure it out later. Trocked off the serves at 2100 and took one tupe to verify my final reading. State was so bad, I marked with a check those pips that were meter-caused, & the rest are static. worked away here checking my math &

converting the c. I's to velocity & finally knocked off about midnight.
Saturday, 22 March, 1958

Worked the whole blasted day on the data from that 7-hr every-minute serves. Platted the data first the way it would look had we done it during a regular seriesi.e. one reading every 1/2 hour. Then did it @ one every 12 minutes, and then one every 6 minutes. These showed that our observations do give a valid curve. Then plotted all 430 or so us. time. Variations up to 0,3 hours in a period of four minutes are common but deviations from a mean are

about 1-2 tenting of a linch. A 0.6 lick is seen at 1532, some 25 minutes after I noted a bry freighter left the I.P.Co. dock for the Sca. It would take just about that time for her to get to stutten #4.

I next plotted contact intervals us. Irme for the whole 7 hours. This was done since the velocity is rounded off to the neurest tenth of a knot, s' minor variations - less than O. 14tswould show up the in voriations in the C.I when they would not in the velocity. Since I had no log paper, I had to change scale three times (1.5 knots covers a 0.32 second range on C.I.'s whereas 0.5 hnots covers 2.9 seconds). Even so, I

discovered that the irregularities noted in the velocity plot are not meter errors, stopwatch errors, or my errors, but are real. The currents do not increase or decrease at a constant rate, they do not even stay constant (only 7 times during the whole Thours was the same contact interval recorded to two consecutive minutes). What's more the current appears to more in surges with a regular periodicity of about 10 to 12 minutes with a "wave height" of about 0.25 knots. To smooth out the ups & downs, I have storted to compute three minute running means for every minute. This is a somewhat tedeous job for 430 or so observations,

but by 1230 AM - allowing time for a more This evening - I am up to 1615, some 140 computations. Couldn't stand it and have plotted three up. Peaks occur at 13, 11, 9, 16, 12, 8, 9, 17, 13, 10, 75 and 9 minutes from 1357 to 1815 for a mean period of 11 seconds. minutes, Went. It's Great! Sunday, 23 Murch . I got breakfast for Dick é Madge et moi and we three went off to church on Beakum

Sunday, 23 Murch.

I got becalifust for Dick & Mudge et moi and we three wint off to church on section

I lunch at the Prince George Hotel. Back here

I wrote Maygir, T, M&D, Sis, Butch, & B.D. Zether.

Then back to the running means again & the plothing. Finally finished these about 2330. The

average of about every 11 minutes still holds. Talked it over with Capt. Showne who he got bock about 10:30. He thinks it might be the buoy curingry, but I doubt it. It I get the same thing from the bottom mount, then well, know it is real.

Mondag, 24 March, 58

Tre-coiler in Charleston, & I put it on the meter-end of the 3-conductor oute. Drilled holes in recorder box for the meter & Kmtr leads to get to be the recorder. Planned the

planting operation morning. Thus the 100 hrs will be through 1430 - Buoy \$ 5 planted Saturday noon, and I will hope to Top 1600 Buoy# 6 planted head home that evening, # 192 This trip I put main A so let E.E. La Roche Linux. 21811 around the hungars so they H189 The empellors & we got all meters La Roche & Hogan came abound about . | 318" in with no breakage I also 9 PM & we talked much longer Thom # 193 The cracked fins, one on each side, & these too seem to work. Dreally wanted to. FresorPt. Sile who + 1.25 or chilsty 3/k of Christn 11:14 + 1:25 (12:39) It was rarring like mad & a high wind was blowing, so we did not attempt to Slh friday 21 Mar from plot 2 1800 From tota = 1545 = 2 hr 15mm Charletn put down he bottom mount. Still have Why he difference? - >1330 for Frequil P to put new buterres into & fix sequence Worked on Gf. Berdan's ms. on florida & wrote him on my suggestions and switch or # 4 before we start to about midnight - again record. The 100 hrs will start in the

temps over ull, clamped the astern to one of the apreciate, secured 31/60 cube, took a preture a left. Heanwhile, back at the ship, They were getting a good healthy signal from it. So all seems to be going well.

going down again - to see it the land in cubbe is tanylong.

Now receivery from Statuns# 5,6, \$9. Ith shore were put in with no breakage. We did not have enough meters (i.e. enough fors) to put 3 meters on Statte, so she is running with no mid-meter. Now (1500) there is some trouble with meter the on buoyth. Checked in the skith, & meter is olf, so it must be burn centatis will have to pull it & put on a new meter. A improve & 3 forms came today, so now we can add the other meter.

Ship went by before mount headed out at 1522. Took a reading @ 1509 & all was well. Arother listenin @ 1645 gare a steady signal-current still running out fast so it is not on contool, at slack We

had a reading of 1509, some 212 has offer the current had charged, so at least we did not drog the anchor Through it

Attree ne got entermen de puil tres mens meles en steiten #6 Melen#1 desent make her V arriberts, & no meles was pull ent 2

1850 Hernundes & I just buck from become 25. Kocarder still running with traves still ticking, but relaity stylus is making continuous contact. No direction prps, Intermittent or continuous. If the velocity were shorted, then since Val. & Dir are separate we would still git desection pips. Since we were getting no direction pips, then there was no short. Thus, it appears that something has caused the impeller to stop on contact. I will come back early in the morning & sec Vic- cut off the Xmt to save battones, but left the recorder on. This in case something is caught loosely in the impoler & might move on when the current steps obbing a starts to Aud. In the morning I will trust check the recorder to be suite that it isn't now working at. Then will go down cit beacon #25 and follow the longs to The bottom mount. All will have to be

done by feel anyway. How never seen

I such maky blackness anywhere.

It took just our hour to check, replace
is replant buy the We first checked maker
the stound a busted were in the plug
of the meter. So the contacts we were
go getting were - white load - only direction

Re-wind the plugs of replaced it. There
added the new mater to the middle
pusition of replanted it. All three now

working well - still no breakays.

pi 1830 Buck at the dock, but reception is so bad, we will heave to get undersong of anchor down on the to channel somewhere in order to prek up our or signals. Anchored near states.

Bight after breakfast, I switch up & Hemmunder & I went in the skiff off to become #25. We alreaded up & took the top off the recorder box. No teme the a & no direction a ties, & the velocity was still on when we discountable the meter cube, we beyon to get a good time ties, so evidently the steady draws the meter cube to be stoody draws.

between Anyway, it was not the link or the vector but the meter that is fouling it up. It was cold overcomed is windy up on the beacon, of I was cold before I ever got into the water.

I tanked up in the shiff i volled over to go down the aubles to the motor taking with me my little brown morter buoy & ca. 25 feet of lines. Once on the bettern I closed my eyes to see it it ocald be any blueter - there was absolutely no differences eyes open or alosed. Moved my leght-colored gloves right up to my tocoplate, E there was still no difference Moved out hand ever hand along the ouble. It was at one pl. - est. 40-120 feet from the ecucan - hung up on a piece of wood stickery out of the bottom. I freed it s' had to make an almost que change in course, so that is where some of our slack had gove, tollowed an to where the cables are attached to the bail. Felt wlong the bail to the honge e' then reached inward to group the upright tollewed it up to where the could is attached of the eable was not twisted ap following on up along the honges it felt

as though the hunger restand of being like (a) where, fift as though it had been bent forward. (B). It was really pretly love to tell by teel, though. The impeller seemed to have all its blades, of the fine fett all there but the angle was all wrong. I came back up - total time in mater squeents. we come in buch to the Gilbert, & I stopped into the shower of filled the cuit with not water. It couple at minutes of that, a capit but coffee, e'a crowned, e' all was oth we'll have to pall the mother up of check it. Current now is running pretty foot, but slack water or shortly after noon, is we will try to get her up sisee what the trouble is.

presented cubber from beauents present up all cubbe intershift, took box of cubb from shift to Gibert & littled the bottom mount with the file. She was on foot bent over us shown where is ent in the up current deroctors. Also some lits of white strong! were jammed on around the impeller bearings, making her turn hard. Cleared out the strong, strongthen

the buil, chushed the lones with the meter on got 3 vs i'a D cit, E' lowered from to the bottom, that the ben in the shift off to #25, booked averything up again. No breps, but it was at slack water, Blog lider St State 5 was still to, so we hooked her up, ever turned on xmiler, the hocked maker to recorder, closed up the boxes, put tueps back, nailed cable box I the beacen is come buck. Shulb, Churles Brog E to Rocke were all here. We telled at currents of tides. By 1400 bottom motor on states was off black under & still no beeps on 3/3 - bottom mount. I am now switch up ugam (1430). We will try 3733 to again when they are through with they serves. It still no beop, I will go down of do what I can in the bottom, It was raining all the time we were on the beacon is is still cold i rung. Dumn interrule diring weather?

1730 Back colored There was a fun ocurrent running. (1,24ts on bottom meter of Stat 5). I had to work up a coverent along the lives from beacon to 25. At the motor still black as actually, the current was pretty strong of bad to fold one lop around

the bad are drope myself around the horge part of the apright in order to stay there The swevel just is not external. I could turn the moder 90" to the current 8 It would not come book at its own accord I was also topped forward. I cat the live on I had put on to heep her from tipping buck is was going to try to put it aft to brop her from topping forward, but in the durk is ook with glaves, it got away from me, The hunger affect bent, so I stronghtened it up. Impdorseemed to be turning well, though I came up & by comming got to the current I was olde to grad the shift as I souled by Back at the Golbert they said they had gotten no pips at all Over use shiff to Beacon #25 to est off the recorder, only to find the viceoder working like a charm, with seconds, directions, & which is coming Through wrendy (V, U, D V3). So every though the Know isoft working now - 1600at least the vaccider of bottom mount are when last sorn. I fear, though, that over the current han slacked of they turned, it would swisel buch but will top towers & probably bend again. It so, we will know in the of morning i will try either the other

bearings or try to recript with the bail secured in the uproget position of the mater suspended scrather below it we'll get this they werking it it wills me - and it may get. Stopped right into a lot shower once I was about a stropped down unter towards of het water - it briped.

Every work long letter to capt Cresty of patched up my rubber so it That weld works well on my suit too

Thereday, 27 March's 8

OBT Off for beacon \$25. Tide was low again, so

I showered up to the stops of climbed up Universed recorder bea, if there was no tome-tow it all the clock was stopped at 0517 (1717?) but I was getting an accommend direction sig, but no tome pips. Had Schnem shift back to the Shop for a new alcek buttery. Pot IT in it it still didn't stort. I guit to winding key on the clots it applied a slight backward personer. Whether it was buttery or the made, I don't know, but she started. I wanted to see what sort at a precied we had, so I nemoved the tuke-up veri, the off the

type if re-attached the term and to the textury real, when I loft, seconds were ticking s an occasional D was coming through Back at Back at the ship, I looked over the roll. D marks were pretty regular but I's were occusional only. Some Ison so feet back there was nothing. I think she was att while the current is reburg - it was just about at slock before flood when I was there-but she doesn't swivel around to meet the floud direction. Back to the book bracen by Hernander, we cut at recorder, pulled plays, put auble box in the shift is pulled up cable is the mound, sourced to the Gilbert, hundred up the bex, healed on the helpfung lone of brought han in drick I first abribed with the churchen & we are gring 3 v's &a D at the plug at the und at the Tyrex. Helm : teelf is Thus off as is the cable to the recorder. When we unhoused the Imag from the recorder, we were not getting · any time ties at all. By the time we had the meter checked in deck, the shop was again en route to the

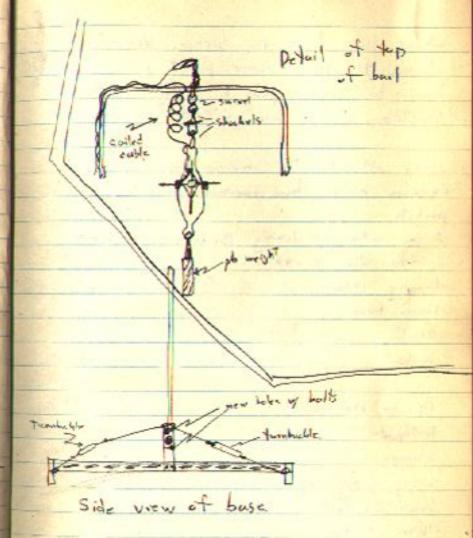
Dipi Ca dock - with the recorder still on beacon #25. I feel that the bottom mount is just not swirting in the corrent, of it new appears that there is something wrong with the time time port of the recorder It I can get the shift - she needs more gas - I will scool back, of will bring the recorder back for a complete about before we try again. Will try a better rig for suppredent it too!

1130 Back at the dock. I think that if the mount is not absolutely flat, that the meter doesn't swivel freely, but tends to hung i vassilate ou the downward draretrem. Capt Schoone i'I have taken off the hunger - little water on the steam, so becomes ove apparently tight - and the meter. By suspending a double hunger from the top by a shackle i' swivel and by putting exten bulls if x gay were on the apright buly, we can make it secure. I will work on this line afternoon, stronghten out thereable, collect is check the recorder from brucon the art slack water in all set to put in at slack water in

the morning. If it works, we will get at least 24 hrs. of second from it. 24 hrs. of good record.

After show I worked fill Johnson had prehed up some gos, i there he is outbounded from the I.P. Co. docks down to Breasn# 25 to receiver the receiver. Back about we want over her pretly completely of found that even though we were getting y. Y.V. keying of There was no D. We had a good D impulse it the end of the earlier through we found a bad 5077 relay of replaced it. All express to be well I with the recorder now.

Hs for the mount. I had store drill two more holes in the hinge plate of then both them tight. Boats then put cable of turnbuckle broces on the appropriate for extra strongth. I suspended the meter in the regular hanger from a chain of shackless of a turn buckle. Typer was placed in a telephone cable vecesiter, morlined to the top of the bail of down along the sides to the base. 3/167 steel cable was accured to the top of top of tuped lightly to the apright so it



would break away with a jork on it, so meter could be recovered sons down if necessary. At the base, the 3/16 was so tuped that it held a 12-A. coil of the cable, a coil that would be freed

1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
1	when the tupe is broken. Howhed it	Paper 10
	all up to the receiver & sell goes well 51:11	
1	. Shouldes , i' we are set to you	House of capts50
	They to the same of the gran	Limez Chlom 1240
	Eve. It To The morror my Capt Septime	
	Enman culted the same	
90	expenses culted from rurious slips in revocus	
90	11/2	
	0 - 1 50	Hotel 12, 13, 14 Much
	1 1 1 2	510 del 15 - 28 Murch
44	- I - I	Meuls about
ni	of +	12-0 14-3 26-3
P	/ 6 1.	13-3 20-(2456) 27-3
W	Bear . 40)	M-3 21 - (15,16) 29-3
4		15-3 (2-126-19) 2463
- N	7 1	16-3 23-0 13 days & 4145 = 18.85
6	Stumps . 16	17-3 24-3
0	bodony & de clay. >2176./ /.92	16-3 25/3
1	lune 23/ The / 200	
0	Morre /22 Mur / 1,50	
	Frue of he were 1.35	
	Paper	
E.	Culte cuiter	
- W	weeds.	
3	/ Curtur Trata / 2.30	
9	that Dry Clay.	
-		

	(quadroted)		
		Steet 5 4.3	
4	0537 - slt. o- flui	Sliper with.	
+	25 114.2 - 12.4 + 1.2	1.2	
i	25 1740.74 20.5 4 2.8 2.2		
i	23時.90 01.5 + 1.6	1.6	
:	0628.4 09.0 + 2.5 2.6		
	26 497 a.a B.6 4 1.6	1.6	
	1228.5 20.4 + 1.9. 1.7		
90	oca# .8 ° 62.5 + 1.7	6.7	
0	27 0720.3 10.0 + 2.7 2.7		
	1256.9 147 + 1.8	1.8	
	1923: 4 21.5 + 2.1 2.1		
13	28 0147.8° 03.5 4 1.7 S. 12.1	1.7	
mi	08pt.3* ((10.7)) D. 5	5 9.6	
P	m 2.4	0 6	
w		m 1.6	
+	Slack before flood at the better mater comes		
	2.4 hrs after slach at Charleston		
6			
P	Slock before abb comes the house afterwards		
te			
0	So slatt. This morning is @ 107 or 1045		
	Kessiled the cubire into the bout box Changes		
e	to a free-sweetery smovely substy when the shockley tested-again the recorder, would set		
W-	shouldes tested- again - the recorder, would set		
5	the clock, Put a holding love on to l	crest the	
-	, ,		

meter from bunging & she is all set to dog so heme IPCo duck for Broxen \$25

Doo Back at the Rilbert from Boucon \$2) we tied the filbert wy a long love to Boucen#25. Put the receiver in the shiff s) itudge (Ens. Walt Cre) s' I took ben comm s mounted it ex the brocon, Buch to the Gilbert e' lowered the meter with two recoverable lines, correcting he bule 900 to the current. Put cuble box in the shiff & over the suc flo to the braces. Plagged in the meter cuble, pushed start-buttern & working lappened. I died right three once the wave of pance had left . I snooped & found the red lead from the battery had broken at the battery terment fixed that is she purred like a Withen Up, you a tomes. Hernandez came over to see why the work wasn't working, One hule where a play on the harness fits on was be big for a good corbot. I suggested solutions were into the hole, of site now its working well. She started recording ut 1101 AM . I murke he 115, 1130, 81145 speed-ups on her. About 1135 the time thes etypped. Turned out to be too much

P

tempson on the pern to adjusted that he a lighter time of all was off. We may have her liched at last. I swely hope size.

Tape from the recurrier @ 1135 is attacked 7 revolutions on 821 sees = 11.7 sees = 016 448

& Direction is 360! At the same home, she they better had 0.5 (1130) to 016 (1200) so they jike proble well.

From 0800 25 Homeh to 1000 28 Homeh are

SET 3 complete (Com) titul days. By counting

The squeres excompassed within the flood point

of the abb part of each course, directing by the

number of squere on the abscisse. I got a

mean velocity for that period. I then

multiplied this value by the tidul excursion.

Adding the flood excursions (2615 nautimites)

and the fib excursions (1966 nautimites).

There is a net flood excursion over the

there days of 6.49 nautimal miles.

6.99 nautimites is 6.49 a 6080 = 39 the ft

is 194 hours = 134 ft/hr = 2.2 ft/min

1512 - Junes to 3331 has & she is still

become to V2 V2D. Control Determed is others or 0,2 lets. Direction du 1900, so she has turned et is land up Ott Bottom mount is meter #183

Beeps still coming in @ 1940. Six
revolutions in 41.8 secs = 6.97 context Day.
or 1.1 life. Der car 180° Stats a Me
bottom had 1.6 @ 1930 & 0.4 of shatts
bottom metan

At 2144, four revolutions on 51.2 sees or a 12.8 central Interval = 0.6449,

24. Numeh

0706 Tape from the bottom mount shows

14 revols in 137 sees, ? ? I CI = LOhts - @ 148°

Blue mater @ #4 i 21/1 @ 150° & At 5 is 1.6@ 180

@ State #3, well and D? aller

At the bottom meter at station#6 the

ebb excursion decreases steedily as it
leaves the teme at sporng dides. Exc. in west. mi.

Dec 25 26 27 28 27

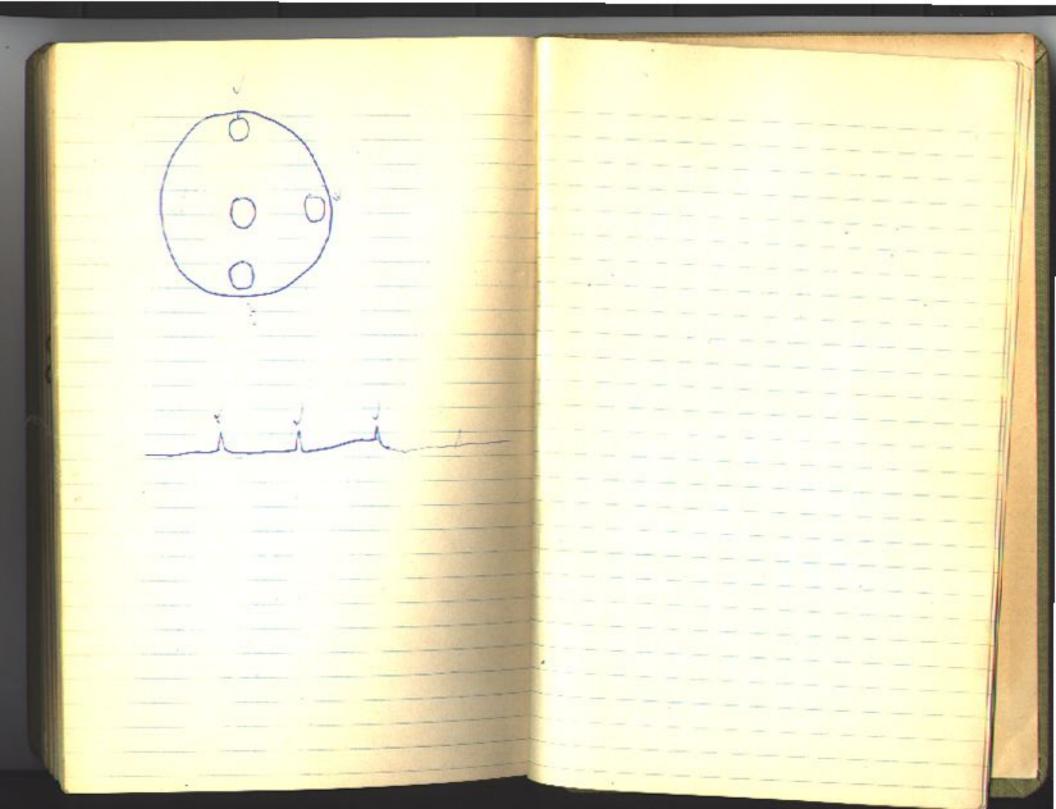
Here 462, 410 (368, 306 (252, 148 (165,
Hood excursion shows no such regularity

1045 ; Under way for station beacon \$25. I went in the shiff with Hernander to the brucon & clambed up. opened recorden to find that tupe had slipped buch from the writing state to it was not visible through the window. Still murling of, Moush In pulling her back me broke the tope used some masking type to putch it up. to do. this we had to venure buteries to get at three teles-up reeli & in putting butteries back, me disconnected - indirectently - on ot the buttery were. So- naturally- we got no time tree or any they else, once the power had subsided, we tound the litch would the clock, checked every here & closed here back up. I was suited up, with my tembs & well belt on the shift, so I' Yunked up, rolled over & down he nubles to i) check to see types of 3/10 oubles mere not touted so meter sould be recovered sans diver. 2) to see it typex had become wound around swings between beil & melan as the current reversed, 3) to get a bottom empl for he doy to ey) to attack the little brown busy to the top at the bail by the mylon lines

It was just as cold & as dark as I had recalled from the last time. The Great 3 3/150 cubbs were both snagged of tought under I am of The mount togs. The weed was so seft, I could force my own in up to the older. I got their free of checking showed the quick- orbits ar the year was still as place. Felting way up to the typ of the board of down the shockers, if there were me twists in the types around the above of shockers. Evidently she swrngs buck & forth between flood of the of not all the way around, Back to The bottom to get the much sample for the Engineers - in labeled for Took little-brown - buoy out of my brights of felt book up to the top at the buil of secured running and there of let her had to the surface,

Back along carles to the beacon of up. I bept slight tension on the authors on route, so any stack will move at the board of the notion of not into the mater. Prohed up the 9-therad recovery lone of want back down the outers. I attached one and to the eye at the top of the bail of up with the ather and to the baug, of secured it to it. There are now two ways of recovery the mount; sither by the 31/65 of the release mechanism or by the

Lucyald 9- Thorad Sum both to shiff glank the Gilbert. Recovered made buoy #4. Top impellor lost 2 bludes when buyy ancher cubic van back rule it. Others Of but mater #3 had strands of some librous material wrapped around forward impoller bearing causing him to. turn harder than normal. Volucties on This meter muy be slower than the current, Note should be made in the book (done 118) Keccurred buoys 556 with no everante It is recent to most adament he makers if we use 2 but hurgers co instead of one Rullown 1304 & 1455 topes taken on the button mount, & size is still going. Although I will leave this evening, The bottom mount will stay down sur, Her, & Tursday to arrie at least four days of Craytons Charter Service



N.12 Marmer GIbrute 2-0174 June 11ª Awithe Imbo LE-4-561 Butch WH: Hum 9- 5074 (home) WH 9-3284 (glitu) Murgler D Struty & Dave Mens St W 1600 8 1 733 G.N. Foot- whole

1 conductively unit #2

1 Temperature in 1 #2

1 Frequency meter

co. 200 St. Gobbe.

1 Senson hoods

100 % Albany

90 % Roughharpsine

Orthy C SW & R.M.

How Hole come up mo H.M.

-513-9200 —

- Ex 760 —

At Constant %, conductivity
increases 4 units/5°C

At Constant temp, conductivity
increases 3 units/4%oo(sal)
or 2400(cl).

Salanty here should be one
2 to 35%oo
chloring range 1-19%.
(So conductivity - 0 to 15%o)

7189

August 2014 -Scientists speculate that these were used for measuring water temperatures

